HUBBUCK'S
PATENT WHITE ZINC PAINT.
HUBBUCK'S PALE BOILED LINSEED OIL.
HUBBUCK'S WHITE LEAD COLOUR.
HUBBUCK'S VARNISHES.
HUBBUCK'S PREPARED LIQUID PAINTS.
HUBBUCK'S BRITISH GREEN PAINT.
HUBBUCK'S BINNACLE AND COLZA OILS.
HUBBUCK'S PAINTS, OIL, and VARNISHES properly packed for exportation.
Beware of Counterfeits of Name and Trade Mark.
THOMAS HUBBUCK & SON, LIMITED,
24, Lime Street, London.

The Bombay Gazette.

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No. 50,177—New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1894.

ESTABLISHED 1816.
PETER F. HEERING'S
COPENHAGEN
CHERRY BRANDY.
Sold by all respectable Wine Merchants, by whom the New Show Cards can be obtained on application.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL Co.
NOTICE.

COMMENCING with the S.S. Peninsular, SAILING on 22nd September, and S.S. CLYDE due to Arrive on 23rd Idem, Passengers by Mail Steamers will Land and Embark at the Apollo Bunder as usual during the Fair Season.
HEAVY BAGGAGE will be landed at No. 15 Shed, Victoria Docks, for Customs examination.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	SATURDAY.
B.I. PENINSULAR	5045	1200	R. F. Briscoe	22nd Sept.
† CLYDE	4136	800	C. F. Preston	29th "
B.I. BUTLER	4395	900	W. J. Nantes	6th Oct.
† THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	13th "
B.I. ORIENTAL	5045	1200	L. Moule	20th "
† CLYDE	4136	800	C. F. Preston	27th "
B.I. CALEDONIA	7592	2750	W. B. Andrews	3rd Nov.
† THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	10th "
B.I. SHANNON	4189	800	E. Crewe	17th "
† CLYDE	4136	800	C. F. Preston	24th "
B.I. CARTHAGE	5013	1000	M. de Horne	1st Dec.
THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	8th "
P. & O. VANGES	4200	800	T. Creery	15th "
† CLYDE	4136	800	C. F. Preston	22nd "
B.I. ORIENTAL	5045	1200	L. Moule	29th "
† THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	5th Jan.
B.M. CALEDONIA	7592	2750	W. B. Andrews	12th "
† CLYDE	4136	800	C. F. Preston	19th "
B.I. SHANNON	4189	800	E. Crewe	26th "

The Steamers marked B.I. proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.
† These Vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there to a Steamer for Brindisi and London. No Passengers for Marseilles can proceed by these Steamers.
The Steamer marked B.M. proceeds to Brindisi and Marseilles only; Not taking Passengers for London by Long Sea route.

Single and return Railway Tickets from Brindisi to London by the Mail route can be obtained, and Coupons are issued for places in the Sleeping Cars of the special "P. & O. Express."

Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. & O. Dockyard at Mazagon before 9 a.m. on day of sailing, or on the Afternoon of the previous day.
A Steam Barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at Noon on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board, and only Hand Packages will be received. The attention of passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage correctly labelled with Port of destination.

Passage-tickets are issued to London *via* Japan and Vancouver.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AUSTRALIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.

Steamers leave Bombay on or about the undernoted dates, conveying H. M.'s Mails from Colombo to China. Passengers for Australia transhipt at Colombo:—

SURAT, 4th October. | RAVENNA, 1st November.
ROHILLA, 18th October. | SIAM, 15th November.

In addition to the above, CARGO STEAMERS leave for China and Japan at frequent intervals, with liberty to call at any port or ports.
For further particulars apply to

I. M. SHIELDS,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 18th Sept., 1894.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S.N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

ACCELERATED SERVICE TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
IMPERATRIX	G. Nicolich	4,194	750	1st Oct.
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,119	750	1st Nov.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE, VENICE Or BRINDISI	Rs. 600	Rs. 325	Rs. 150

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd, and BRINDISI on the 5th, of each month.

ORDINARY SERVICE TO TRIESTE, VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
MARIA VALERIE	G. Costanzo	4,235	350	9th Oct.
VINDOBONA	P. Mersa	4,391	350	9th Nov.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
To TRIESTE Or VENICE	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 150

STEAMERS for BOMBAY LEAVE TRIESTE on the 21st of each month.

RETURN TICKETS.
By either Accelerated or Ordinary Service to TRIESTE.

	1st Class	2nd Class
AVAILABLE for 6 MONTHS	Rs. 900	Rs. 575
AVAILABLE for 12 MONTHS	Rs. 1060	Rs. 625

INCLUDING WINE OR BEER SUPPLIED AT MEALS.
THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.
1st and 2nd Class Single and Return are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothard's, and other Routes.
In connection with the Steamers Tickets the Company issue now Railway Tickets to the Principal Towns of Austria and Germany, as well as Tickets by steamers of the "Nord-deutscher Lloyd" (North German Lloyd) to ports of North and South America, Australia, &c., called at by their vessels.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
POSEIDON	A. Fellner	3,873	650	21st Oct.

Connecting at Colombo with the s.s. POLLUCE to Madras and Calcutta.
For further Particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

C. ZANELLA,
Acting Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, Sept. 21st, 1894.

CITY LINE OF STEAMERS.
BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

Vessel.	Captain.	Tons.	To Sail
CITY OF DUBLIN	Greenhorn	3287	about 8th Oct.

THIS STEAMER is lighted throughout with the Electric Light, has all the latest improvements, and carries a Surgeon and Stewardess. Two Berth Cabins on Deck, Amidships. Punkahs and every Comfort for First-Class Passengers. Apply to

FORBES, FORBES & Co., Ld., Agents.
Bombay, 14th Sept., 1894.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,
BOMBAY.
GRINDLAY & CO., CALCUTTA,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.

PASSENGER DEPARTMENT.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES booked without charge and on the most favourable terms. Berth carefully selected, with special attention to grouping.
SLEEPING CAR AND CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
RAILWAY OFFICIALS, MISSIONARIES, &c. booked on terms of existing concessions.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS. AND SOVEREIGNS, at current rates.
HAND-BOOKS supplied gratis, and general information promptly given.
LONDON AGENTS.—MESSRS. GRINDLAY & Co.

THOS. COOK AND SON,
BANKERS AND ARMY AGENTS.

PASSAGES PROMPTLY ENGAGED by P. & O. MAIL, and all other Steamers, including non-Liners, FREE of CHARGE for COMMISSION.
FAVOURABLE ARRANGEMENTS for securing Berths according to individual requirements.
THROUGH TICKETS issued available from any Railway Station in India to all parts of the Globe.
CONTINENTAL TRAVELLING TICKETS issued, available by any route, and allowing breaks of Journey at all places of interest.
PASSENGERS with COOK'S Tickets met and assisted at London, Liverpool, Brindisi, Naples, Rome, Marseilles, Paris and all Chief Continental Ports and Cities.
OUTWARD PASSAGES engaged and Tickets supplied from any part of the World to India.
HOTEL COUPONS available at over 1,200 Hotels.
SPECIAL REDUCED FARES for Civil and Military Officers to Europe via China and America.
HEAVY BAGGAGE received and forwarded.
INSURANCE POLICIES against death by accident issued.
Insurance of Passengers Baggage effected.
CIRCULAR NOTES and LETTERS of CREDIT issued or the use of Travellers in all parts of the World.
DRAFTS issued at the Exchange of the day.
SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, &c., bought and supplied.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept, and Interest allowed when the Credit Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000.
DEPOSITS received. Rate of interest on application.
INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected and every description of Banking and Money Agency transacted.
Handbook of information free on application.

BOMBAY: 13, Rampart Row.
CALCUTTA: Old Court House Street.

NOTICE.

IT is hereby Notified to the SHIPPERS and CONSIGNEES of CARGO per S. S. "TANNADICE," which met with an Accident in leaving Mauritius for Bombay, on about the 7th instant, that all her Cargo has been Transferred to the S. S. "AKBAR," so as to save expenses and detention of the Cargo in port until the "Tannadice" is repaired and in terms of the usual clause in the Bill of Lading.
Shippers and Consignees can Arrange for the Transfer of the risk to the s.s. "Akbar" with their respective Underwriters.

હાજી કાસમ જુસબ,
i. e., HAJEE CASSIM JOOSAB.
HAJEE ISSOF MOHOMED SULLIMAN.

A BOON TO MEN
Who suffer from NERVOUS DEBILITY Loss of Vigour, Exhausted Vitality Kidney Diseases, &c. A Treatise explaining the renowned Marston treatment by local absorption, the only positive cure without Stomach Medicines, will be sent in plain wrapper, post free, upon application. The MARSTON REMEDY Co., 45, High Holborn, LONDON.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)
Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "KOLA," 1,192 tons, on the 22nd Septr., on arrival of In-coming English Mail Steamer.

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATHIAWAR COAST PORTS.

S. S. "DWARKA," 1,694 tons, on the 25th Septr., at 10 a.m., calling (weather permitting) at Veraval, Mangrole, Porebunder, Cutch Mandavie and Kurrachee in the foregoing or any order. 2 P.M.

S. S. "PACHUMBA," 867 tons, on the 22nd Septr., at 10 a. m.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "MECCA," 1,460 tons, on the 27th Septr., at noon, calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "CULNA," 1,984 tons, on the 27th Septr., calling at such Ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the Undersigned.

FOR ADEN AND ZANZIBAR.

S. S. "CHANDA," 2,022 tons, on the 27th Septr., calling at Aden, Mombasa, and Zanzibar, in the foregoing or any order.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 21st September, 1894. Agents.

KING, KING & CO.,
BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged by P. & O. and all Steamers at the lowest rates obtainable free of charge or Commission.

Lists of the LATEST SAILINGS, with Fares and full information as to berths available, furnished at once.

Special attention paid to the grouping of those wishing to travel 2nd Class, P. & O. Every assistance rendered to Passengers arriving in Bombay for embarkation. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and shipped.

THROUGH RAILWAY TICKETS from any Station in India to Bombay, and Tickets for all Continental Routes furnished on application.

SPECIAL AGENTS of the Firm meet all Steamers at BRINDISI and MARSEILLES.

PACKAGES of every description received for despatch as CARGO to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance effected at the Lowest Rates. QUOTATIONS FURNISHED on APPLICATION.

KING, HAMILTON & Co.,
CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

BOMBAY TO NAPLES and GENOA calling at ALEXANDRIA for BRINDISI and VENICE, s. s. R. Rubattino, 17th October, 1894, and s. s. Duc. Baldwino, 14th November, 1894.
BOMBAY TO HONGKONG, calling at SINGAPORE, 8th October, 1894.
For particulars regarding Freights, Passage, &c., apply to

C. BARBORO, Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Septr. 17, 1894.

BOMBAY STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY,
STEAMER TO KARACHI.

DURING the Monsoon Months this Company's new Steamer BAHADURI, 1,250 tons, 2,200 Horse-power, Captain KEYZAR, will leave PRINCES DOCK every TUESDAY direct to Karachi.

STEAMER TO MORMUGAO AND INTERMEDIATE PORTS.

During the Monsoon Months this Company's new Steamer, MAHANADI, 1,192 tons, 2,100 Horse-power, will leave PRINCE'S DOCK every SATURDAY to Mormugao, and returning will leave Mormugao every TUESDAY, calling each way at Jyghur, Ratnagiri, and Viziadroog.
These Steamers have excellent Cabin and Tween Deck Accommodation, are lighted throughout with Electric Light, and fitted with all Modern Appliances.
Cabin Fares, Rs. 15; Tween Deck, Rs. 2, to all Ports.
Messing supplied Extra as per Scale.

SHEPHERD & Co.

WANTED.

BENGAL CLUB.
WANTED,

A THOROUGHLY qualified EUROPEAN STEWARD, to take charge of the Coffee Room and Service. To a Man possessing Previous Experience and necessary Qualifications, a Liberal Salary and Free Quarters will be given.
Applications, stating present and past employment, with Copies of Testimonials, to reach the SECRETARY, Bengal Club, by the 30th instant.

LADIES' SHOP WITH HOME,
By Indian Parcels Post.
Consider the excessive Rate of Exchange, and Economise all Intermediate Profits.
High-Class Drapery and Dress Materials Direct from the Manufacturers,
AT LOOM PRICES!
SAVING, 50 PER CENT.
HENRY PEASE AND CO.'S SUCCESSORS,
Spinners and Manufacturers,
THE MILLS, DARLINGTON,
Established 1752,
Supply
High-Class Drapery and Dress Materials
DIRECT TO THE CONSUMER,
Without the Intervention of Wholesale Merchants, Drapers, Agents or Middlemen.
EXQUISITE DRESS.
Latest Fashion at First Cost,
FRESH FROM THE DARLINGTON LOOMS,
Patterns Free, on approval, to any address in India.
THE LOVELY
DARLINGTON ZEPHYRS,
And New Darlington Skirtings, together with the Celebrated Darlington Cross-Warp Serges, and Gold-Medal Merinos and Cashmeres.
All exquisite Fabrics renowned for their stylish appearance, thorough Money Value, and Hard Wearing Qualities.
SPECIALITIES FOR INDIA.
High-Class Pure Wool Fabrics for Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wear.
For the Climate of the Hills, and in the Plains during the Cold Weather Season.
DARLINGTON PURE WOOL SERGES.
Dyed by Special Process, for the Sea-side, Travelling and Tourist Wear. Guaranteed to withstand Sun, Rain, and Salt Water, in light-weighted Yarns for Ladies' Yachting Costumes, Ladies' Travelling Dresses, Gentlemen's Boating and Tennis Suits. Stouter Yarns for Boys' and Girls' Rough Wear.
ANY LENGTH of MATERIAL CUT or no matter how short. All Goods warranted to be equal to the Samples, and all Parcels carefully packed for Export.
All Orders are executed the same day as received.
HENRY PEASE & CO.'S SUCCESSORS buy their Wools direct from the English Farmer. After careful sorting and cleansing the wool is spun into yarn, and the yarn woven into the various charming fabrics, for which the firm have been renowned since their establishment in 1752—the entire process of manufacture being carried on in their own Mills at Darlington employing more than 1,000 hands.

CONTAMINATIONS
of the Blood, whether the after-effect of Contagious Disease, hereditary taint, or foul matter of any description, are positively carried out of the system by taking "CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE," the great Blood Purifier and Restorer. For cleansing and clearing the Blood from all Impurities it cannot be too highly recommended. For Scrofula, Scurvys, Eczems, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the *cause* from the blood and bones. To be had of Chemists, &c., everywhere at 2s. 9d. and 11s per Bottle. Thousands of Testimonials.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS
warranted to cure all Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex (acquired or constitutional), Gravel and Pains in the Back. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the world. Proprietors:—THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG Co., Lincoln, England.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Appointed by Government.
W. C. SMITH,
M. I. Painters London and S. Australia.
CONTRACTOR to the Byculla Club; Royal Bombay Yacht Club.
PAINTER and HOUSE DECORATOR.
OIL COLOR and VARNISH MERCHANT.
READY MIXED PAINTS made to any shade.
BLUNDELL'S PETRIFYING LIQUIDS for Damp Walls and other Special Purposes
RED, WHITE and TRANSPARENT.
Imported Direct to
W. C. SMITH,
47, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

ASQUITH & LORD,
HIGH CLASS
—TAILORS—
BREECHES-MAKERS,
SHIRT-MAKERS,
HOSIERS AND HATTERS.
APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.
ESTABLISHED IN INDIA 1842.
(The Wine Shippers to the East.)
COGNAC A1.,
INVALIDS' PORT,
PALL MALL WHISKY,
AMOROSO SHERRY.
NAPIER JOHNSTONE'S WHISKY,
PALL MALL WHISKY, 11 Years Old
C. P. & Co.'s CLARETS, BURGUNDIES,
and every other Wine of Good Quality.
BOMBAY.

PETER'S BRAIN PANACEA
Revives in Youth and Old
HEALTH, VIGOUR, ENERGY, & VITALITY.
Prompt, Safe, and Sure.
Rs. 3 & Rs. 7.
MADON, SONS & CO.,
23, HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

THE LONAULI HOTEL is OPENED, and it will be KEPT through the WHOLE YEAR. No Trouble will be Spared for the Passengers. The Rooms are very Comfortable and Airy; and a good Management.
S. BOMANJEE,
Proprietor.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,
BOMBAY.
GRINDLAY & CO., CALCUTTA,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.

OPEN CURRENT and DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS and transact BANKING BUSINESS generally on terms which may be learnt on application; also REGIMENTAL and PERSONAL Agency.
LONDON AGENTS:—GRINDLAY & Co.

THREE IMPORTANT FACTS
ABOUT THE
STANDARD LIFE OFFICE,
1.—OVER HALF A MILLION STERLING per annum is being paid in Death Claims year by year.
2.—THE FUNDS IN HAND amount to nearly Seven and three-quarter Million Sterling, and have increased 50 per cent. in the last 15 years.
3.—THE LIVES who die are annually replaced by more than double the number of new carefully selected lives.

F. A. PREVOST,
Secretary.

N.B.—THE COMPANY'S INDIAN RATES HAVE BEEN RECENTLY REDUCED.

THE
HIMALAYA SEED STORES,
MUSSOORIE, N.-W. P.,
(MANAGER:—W. W. JOHNSTONE)
Can now Supply
VEGETABLE
AND
FLOWER SEEDS

from their New Stocks. We hold, by far, the Largest Stock of RELIABLE Seeds in India, and before indenting elsewhere, would ask intending Purchasers to compare our Prices with those of other Firms. Notwithstanding the enormous Fall in Exchange and the recently imposed 5 per cent. Import Duty, we have made No ADVANCE on the Prices in our

1893—94 CATALOGUE

(*free* on Application, postage As. 2), as we feel sure greatly increased business will soon compensate for the loss of a great part of our profits.

VEGETABLE SEEDS IN COLLECTIONS,
at Rs. 5-8; 8-8; 12-8; 20-0; and 50-0.
FLOWER SEEDS IN COLLECTIONS,
at Rs. 2-0; 3-0; 4-8; 5-8; and 10-0.
All Collections CARRIAGE and PACKING *free*.

Our NOVELTIES in Vegetables are Unsurpassed, and all intending Exhibitors should have a good selection of them to ensure their winning prizes.

TRY:—Mussoorie Prize Cauliflower, Re. 1-4 packet.
The Pearl Cauliflower, Re. 1-4 packet.
Early King Cabbage, As. 12 packet.
Christmas Drumhead Cabbage, As. 8 packet.
Johnstone's Champion White Celery, a grand Variety, Solid, rich nutty flavour, and stands Heat remarkably well, per packet Re. 1.
Chemin Rouge Tomate, Re. 1 packet.
The Stanley Pea, Re. 1 packet.

To be thoroughly successful with your Garden, you should Sow our Seeds, and *read*

"PRACTICAL GARDENING FOR INDIAN AMATEURS,"

in which you will find everything to Aid you in the Cultivation of your Vegetables, Flowers and Bulbs.

The Work comprises nearly 400 pages, and contains Fullest Information for Sowing, &c., on Hills and Plains, including Calendar of monthly operations.

Cloth Boards, Gilt lettering, Rs. 5.
Limp Paper Cover (only a few Copies left), Rs. 3-8.

FOUR SOUND WHISKIES.

FINE OLD
GLENLIVET.

	Cash.	Credit.
Per doz	Rs. 26 0	Rs. 29 0
Per gallon	" 12 4	" 13 12

HIGHLAND MALT.

	Cash.	Credit.
Per doz	Rs. 28 8	Rs. 32 0
Per gallon	" 13 8	" 15 0

SPECIAL LIQUEUR.

	Cash.	Credit.
Per doz	Rs. 35 0	Rs. 39 0
Per gallon	" 16 12	" 18 12

OLD IRISH.

	Cash.	Credit.
Per doz	Rs. 26 0	Rs. 29 0
Per gallon	" 12 4	" 13 12

A still Further Reduction if taken in 8-gallon Casks.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY. BYCULLA. POONA.

EXCELLENT
HIGHLAND WHISKY.
SUPPLIED IN JARS, Containing
1, 2½ & 4 Gallons.
(CASH or V.-P. P.)
Rs. 12-12 per Gallon.
THE CHEAPEST AND BEST "PEG" WHISKY IN THE MARKET.
This Whisky is so well known and appreciated throughout India, that further reference on our part is superfluous. To those who have not taken a trial Jar, We say "TRY ONE." Jars charged for, but FULL VALUE ALLOWED on RETURN to our Godown in good condition, less Cost of carriage only.

ALLSOPP'S
LIGHT GRAVITY
PALE ALE
AND
EXTRA QUALITY
STOUT
Their Ale is in magnificent condition, bright to the last drop. The Stout is really A-1, and in London an enormous demand for it has lately sprung up.
Price per doz. qts. nett. Rs. 6 4
" " pints... " " 4

CHAMPAGNE
Most Popular on the London Market.
BINET FILS & Co.'s
"Dry Elite," 1889 Vintage, nett ..... Rs. 74
DE NEUVILLE & Co.'s
Sparkling Saumur ...nett Rs. 36
WHISKY.
Rs. a.
"The Old Ship" ..... nett. 26 8
Brodie's Rare Old, nett 36 8
The Gaelic "Old Smuggler," nett 28 0
THE OLD CAMUSLYNIE
STILL.
"Sma' Glen," 5 years old, nett ..... Rs. 26 12

SOLE AGENTS AND IMPORTERS:—
CUTLER, PALMER & CO.,
5, 7 & 9, Bell Lane, { BOMBAY. } 5, 7 & 9, Bell Lane.

[ESTABLISHED IN ALEXANDRIA, EGYPT, 1852.]
C. N. TOCOS & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF HIGH-CLASS
EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES.
PURVEYORS TO
H. R. H. THE KHEDIVE,
H. R. H. THE PRINCE OF NAPLES,
AND, BY SPECIAL CHARTER,
SOLE PURVEYORS TO THE ITALIAN REGIE.

IN consequence of the increase of our Export Trade with the further East, and in order to release our Customers of the troubles and expenses in getting their supplies from Egypt, we have decided to OPEN an AGENCY in INDIA and appoint

MR. D. MACROPOLO,
of BOMBAY and CALCUTTA, Sole Agent

For the SALE of our famous CIGARETTES. In placing before our numerous friends the Specialities of our Cigarettes, we would call their attention to the fact, that they are prepared from the finest Turkish Tobacco, specially to keep in hot climates, under the direct supervision of an Expert of 30 YEARS' experience of the Indian climate, while their qualities and delicate flavours are too well-known and appreciated to need special remark.

In thanking our Constituents and the Public in general for their generous and candid support, we beg to request that in future they should address their kind orders direct to Mr. D. MACROPOLO, Bombay or Calcutta.

C. N. TOCOS & CO.

ILLUSTRATED PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION TO
D. MACROPOLO,
BOMBAY AND CALCUTTA.

THE
"APOLLO"
SHIRT
BADHAM,
PILE & CO.,
LD.
MAKERS.
BOMBAY.

AN IMMENSE VARIETY
OF
NEW SHIRTINGS.
CEYLON FLANNELS,
ALL WOOL FLANNELS,
CELLULAR CLOTHS,
FRENCH CAMBRICS,
ZEPHYR SHIRTINGS,
OXFORD CLOTHS,
HOPSACK MATTES,
ETON CLOTHS.

BAHADUR CIGARS.

BAHADUR REGALIAS	6	inches long, in boxes of		50
BAHADUR PRINCESSES	5	"	"	50
BAHADUR No. 1	4½	"	"	100
BAHADUR " 2	4	"	"	100
BAHADUR " 3	3½	"	"	100
BAHADUR MANILLAS	4	"	"	100
BAHADUR MORNING WHIFFS	3	"	"	200

GENUINE BAHADURS are obtainable from all RESPECTABLE Dealers throughout India.

SOLE PROPRIETORS AND MANUFACTURERS,
McDOWELL & CO.,
MADRAS.

CLEARANCE SALE
OF
500
PERFECT WRIST WATCHES.
Usual Price Rs. 20. Sale Price Rs. 16.
NICKEL SILVER CRYSTAL FACE KEYLESS WATCHES, UP-TO-DATE.
PERFECT & ACCURATE TIME-KEEPERS.

WE offer these fine watches at this low figure for the purpose of introducing them to Public Notice. We have advertised them as a cheaper quality of the MILITARY MODEL UNPARALLELED WRIST WATCHES that are now considered by Civil and Military Officers the PERFECTION OF WRIST WATCHES.

With a view of proving the excellent qualities of these very fine and useful Time-keepers and creating for them a demand, we offer the large number of 500 at a

CLEARANCE PRICE OF Rs. 16 EACH
For one month from this date, the 19th day of September, 1894.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
CHRONOMETER, WATCH & CLOCK MANUFACTURERS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

LONDON & LANCASHIRE LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
[ESTABLISHED 1862.]

Assurances on every sound and approved Plan effected on most Favourable Terms.

PROGRESS OF THE COMPANY
DURING 10 YEARS ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1893.

Year.	New Assurances.	Net Premium Income.	Invested Funds.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1883	87,18,240	16,45,648	53,22,048
1893	1,12,88,095	31,43,000	1,57,11,360

It will thus be seen that in Ten Years the Net Premium Income has nearly doubled, whilst the Funds show an Increase in a still larger proportion, which remarkable expansion affords convincing testimony of Good Management and Successful Working, and promises splendid results in the future.

CHIEF AGENTS:—W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., BOMBAY.

THE NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY,
(ESTABLISHED 1797).
THE PHŒNIX FIRE OFFICE OF LONDON,
(ESTABLISHED 1782).
THE LANCASHIRE INSURANCE CO.,
(ESTABLISHED 1850).
THE STRAITS INSURANCE CO., SINGAPORE (MARINE).

As Agents of the above First-class Offices, we are prepared to accept LIFE, FIRE and MARINE RISKS.

Terms on Application to W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., BOMBAY.

HARMLESS! EFFECTIVE!! CHEAP!!!
AN EIGHT-ANNA BOTTLE OF
PHENYLE
Will make about THREE and a HALF GALLONS of perfectly HARMLESS and exceedingly POWERFUL DISINFECTING FLUID.
THE CHEAPEST IN THE MARKET—Bottles As. 8, As. 12, Re. 1-12.
Per Gallon, Rs. 4-8.

SOLE AGENTS:—
BOMBAY. { PHILLIPS & CO., LD. } POONA.

JUST RECEIVED,
A FRESH CONSIGNMENT OF THE FOLLOWING BRANDS OF
REAL MANILLA CIGARS,
"FLORA DE LA ISABELA,"
KNOWN TO BE EXCEEDINGLY PLEASANT AND DELIGHTFUL.

Imperiales	in Boxes of 25 with silver foil.	Rs.	8	0	per box.
Primo de Rever	" 25 "		6	8	"
Regl. Antonio Lopez	" 50 with ring		11	12	"
Non Plus Ultra	" 50 "		9	8	"
Exquisitos	" 50 "		7	8	"
Princess as (small size)	" 50 "		5	8	"
Neuvo Habano Especial	" 100 "		6	8	"
Do. do. No. 1	" 100 "		5	8	"
Do. do. No. 2	" 100 "		5	0	"
Do. do. No. 3	" 100 "		4	8	"

A TRIAL IS SOLICITED.

TH. VAFIADIS & CO.,
20, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

THE ST. JAMES'S BUDGET
(LONDON).
AN ILLUSTRATED REVIEW AND RECORD OF NEWS.
THE MOST ATTRACTIVE AND INTERESTING PICTORIAL PAPER FOR
ENGLISH PEOPLE RESIDING ABROAD.
EVERY FRIDAY. SIXPENCE.
PROFUSELY ILLUSTRATED.

SOME SHORT OPINIONS OF THE PRESS:

"In every respect it is a credit to English pictorial journalism."—"Daily Telegraph."
'A better sixpennyworth is not to be found anywhere."—"Evening News and Post."
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"A record of news superbly illustrated."—"Peterborough Advertiser."
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"It is, in a fuller and more complete sense, an illustrated 'newspaper' than any of the pictorial weeklies can claim to be."—"Newcastle Daily Chronicle."
"Illustrated journalism has up to the present reached its highest point of artistic and literary excellence in the ST. JAMES'S BUDGET."—"Kendal and County News."
"Will hold its own against any of the illustrated weeklies."—"Piccadilly."

The ST. JAMES'S BUDGET will be sent direct from the Office to any part of India or the Colonies for 27s. per annum, including Postage. A Special Foreign Edition, printed on thin paper, can be supplied at 32s. 6d. per annum. *All* Subscriptions are payable in Advance, and should be addressed to H. E. MAYO GUNN, "St. James's Budget" Office, 15, Dorset-street, London, E.C.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BOMBAY PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.

A CONCERT

Will be given by the above Society,

ON MONDAY, 8TH OCTOBER, AT THE

TOWN HALL,

At 9-15 P.M.

SOLI, CHORUS and ORCHESTRA

about Ninety Performers.

By Kind Permission of Lieut-Colonel SEPPINGS and the Officers of the K. O. Y. Li. Infantry, several Members of the Band of that Regiment will assist in the Orchestra.

The full Programme in Detail will be published later on, but the Three following Short Choral Works will be performed :—

Cantata.....Feast of Adonis.....Jonson.
For Soli and Chorus.

Soloists :—Miss N. TUDBALL, Mrs. MACBETH, and Mrs. OLIVER.

Sacred Cantata.....Song of Miriam.....Schubert.
For Soprano Solo of Chorus.
"Miriam".....Miss N. TUDBALL.

Chorus.....Hallelujah from the Mount of Olives.....Beethoven.

The following will Play in the Orchestra :—

Mr. Wilson	1st VIOLIN	Herr Schmuck	Herr Stella	Mrs. Collie
Sergt. Quant		Surg.-Lt.-Col. Barker	Mr. Insoli	Miss Pedraza
Corpl. Powell		Mr. Vernon Bayley	Mr Mull	Miss Kirkham
Corpl. Bee				

Messrs Fox, Choake, Monoghan, Dungworth, MacDonald, Mathews, Goodfellow, Brockley, and McIntier, of the KOYLI Band.

Hony Conductor : Mr. R B. Nixon
Hony Pianists : Miss Flower
Hony Secretary : Lieut-Colonel Martin.

Plan of Seats at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co.

Reserved Seats...Rs. 3. Admittance...Rs. 2.

NOW READY.

"BOMAY GAZETTE" OVERLAND SUMMARY.

The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY*, prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe, contains, in addition to all the news of the week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.

Annual Subscription (in advance) .....Rs. 12
Single Copy .....As. 4

"Bombay Gazette" Office, Esplanade Road, Fort.

NOTICE.

I DO hereby give notice that from the 21st instant till the 1st of JANUARY next, any DOGS found Straying in the Streets, or beyond the Enclosures of the Houses of the Owners of such Dogs, will be DESTROYED in accordance with the Provisions of Section CXVI. of Act XIII. of 1856.

R. H. VINCENT,
Commissioner of Police.

Police Commissioner's Office, Bombay, 20th Sept., 1894.

THE SIND PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the ORDINARY ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Office of the Company, No. 34, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, on SATURDAY, the 22nd day of September, 1894, at 3 P.M., for the transaction of the following business, viz. :—

1. To receive the Directors' Report and Audited Statement of Accounts made up to 31st May, 1894.
2. To declare a Dividend.
3. To elect Directors in place of those who retire but are eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditors and to fix their remuneration.

By Order of the Directors,

SUNDARROW RAGHUNATH & Co.,
Secretaries and Treasurers.

Bombay, 29th August, 1894.

N.B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 15th to 22nd September, 1894, both Days inclusive.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

In the Court of Small Causes at Bombay.

SUIT NO. 288-19038 OF 1893.

POONUMCHAND HIRA and JOOMARMULL BHANA, TRADING as POONUMCHAND HIRA .....Plaint ffs.

VERSUS

CAZEE HAJEE MOHMED BIN SHABOODIN THONGAY .....Defendant.

AND

SUIT NO. 19012 OF 1893.

POONUMCHAND HIRA and JOOMARMULL BHANA .....Plaintiffs,

VERSUS

CAZEE HAJEE MOHMED BIN SHABOODIN THONGAY .....Defendant.

WHEREAS in Pursuance of a Warrant of Sale of Immoveable Property, dated 30th day of August, 1891, the Sheriff has been directed to Sell all the right, title and interest of the Defendant above-named in the following property at the instance of the Plaintiffs.

FIRSTLY.—All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground situate, lying and being at the message, tenement and dwelling-house [illegible] New Town, fronting [illegible] about the Fort, New No. 8739, Old Survey [illegible] No. 4181, containing by admeasurement [illegible] yards and sixty-six [illegible] and bounded on the East by a public sweeper's passage, on the West by China Butcher Street, on the North by the property of Bhoi Jivajee Sunsoodin, and on the South by the property of Cazee Hajee Mohmed Shaboodin Thongay.

Notice is hereby given to all persons having rights in or charges or claim on aforesaid property other than claims involving an objection to the attachment or seeking the removal of the same) that they should, on or before the 8th Day of October, 1894, lodge in my Office a Statement verified by oath or solemn affirmation of such rights, claims or charges.—Dated this 13th Day of September, 1894.

A. K. OLIVER,
Assistant Commissioner.

NOW READY.

THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT AND SUMMARY OF TRADE.

Published once a week at the *Bombay Gazette* Office on the departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.

The Bombay Price Current contains—

A Specially-Written Market Report.
Freight Report, &c.
Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week.
Imports and Exports of Bullion.

Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period, as far back as 1870 and 1878, respectively.

Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods, and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month, and the same period, as far back as 1870 and 1878, respectively.

Share Lists and Rates of Exchange.

List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, and Arrivals and Departures of Vessels during the Week.

Charters and Engagements.

Annual Subscription in advance....Rs 10.
Single Copy.....Annas 4.

"Bombay Gazette" Office, Esplanade Road, Fort.

Messrs. MARCKS & Co., Ld.,

Have just opened a Collection of the

MOST PERFECT CYCLES,

Manufactured by the

PREMIER CYCLE COMPANY,

LIMITED.

THE LARGEST CYCLE MANUFACTURERS IN THE WORLD.

The ONLY Firm of ENGLISH CYCLE MANUFACTURERS who have obtained Three Distinct Awards at the WORLD'S FAIR, CHICAGO, 1893,

for BICYCLES, TRICYCLES, HELICAL TUBE.

BICYCLES AND TRICYCLES

Of the Newest Patterns.
Of the Latest Improvements.
Of Perfectly Balance Strength.
Of Maximum Speed.
Of Minimum Weight.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST BUILT CYCLES IN INDIA.

SOLE AGENTS :—

MARCKS & COMPANY, LD.,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

ENGLISH COUNTRY HOME FOR INDIAN GIRLS.

A LIMITED NUMBER of PUPILS from INDIA are received at a Pleasantly Situated Country Home, near Cambridge. The usual English subjects and accomplishments carefully Taught by a duly qualified Staff of Resident Governesses and Visiting Professors. Charming walks, Refined and Comfortable Home and good Library. Special attention paid to the Daughters of Native Gentlemen, and to delicate or backward Pupils. Apply "C. P.," Advertising Dept., "Gazette" Office, Bombay.

HAND-BOOK OF GIRAS AND GUARANTEE,

BEING a Compilation of Decisions, &c., on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta and other Guaranteed Rights with an Introductory Account of the Settlements in Kathiawar, Mahikantha and Rewakantha. Together with Appendices and a Copious Index.

To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Press, Bombay.
The Gujerat Vernacular Society, Ahmedabad.
PRICE..... Rs. 6.
Packing and Postage extra.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co., No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS, FORT.

SALE OF RICE, JAGREE, OIL, RAJAM, SCALE AND WEIGHTS, &c., AT BROACH.

By order of C. A. Turner, Esquire, Official Assignee, H. C., in re Bhucandas Vijbhoocandas and Bhugwanbhai Bhoocandas Marfatia, Insolvents, lately traded in Bombay as Bhucandas Vijbhoocandas, and at Broach as Bhugwanbhai Bhucandas, Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by Public Auction, THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 22nd instant, at 1-30 p. m., at a godown near the 2nd Class Sub-Judge's Court, Fort, a quantity of rice bags, Jagree, sweet oil, casks of rajam, scales and weights, beddings, &c.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, September 22, 1894.

NOTICES.

COMMERCIAL AND LAND MORTGAGE BANK, LIMITED.

(Established A. D. 1885.)

AGREEABLY with the BANK'S NOTIFICATION, dated 2nd July, 1894, DIVIDEND WARRANTS at 10 per cent. per Annum, free of Income Tax, for Quarter ending the 30th September, 1894, will be drawn in favour of Shareholders borne on the Register on that Date, and Distribution thereof made on the 15th October, 1894.

By Order,

E. F. STRANACK,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Head Office : Madras, 15th September, 1894.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

TENDERS are invited for the Construction of a COAL WHARF, on Saw Mills Property, Tank Bunder.

Specification and Conditions of Contract, and any further particulars can be obtained, and Plans inspected by parties intending to submit Tenders, at the Office of the Undersigned, on payment of a Deposit of Rupees Fifty, which will be returned on receipt of a bona-fide Tender.

Tenders, endorsed "Coal wharf at Tank Bunder," to be delivered to the Secretary, Bombay Port Trust, before 1 P.M., (Gun-fire), on WEDNESDAY, the 10th October next.

The acceptance or otherwise of Tenders rests with the Trustees of the Port, who do not undertake to accept the lowest or any Tender.

P. G. MESSENT, A.M. INST. C.E.,
Acting Engineer, Bombay Port Trust.

Bombay, 18th September, 1894.

THE ENGLISH PRESS & MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LD.

NOTICE is hereby given that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the English Press and Manufacturing Co., Ld., will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 19, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay, on SATURDAY, the 22nd September, 1894, at 3 P. M., for the purpose of Confirming the Sale of the Press Factory at Jalgaum, as per the Directors' Resolution given below.

RESOLUTION :

It was resolved that the Tender of Mr. RUSTOMJEE FRAMJEE WADIA, being found to be the Highest one, is accepted, subject to the Sanction of the Shareholders.

By Order,

RUSTOMJEE FRAMJEE WADIA & Co.,
Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents.

Bombay, 12th September, 1894.

THE NEW BERAR COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the TWENTY-FIRST ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the New Berar Company, Limited, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Nos. 7 and 9, Church Gate Street, on THURSDAY, the 27th September, at 3 P.M., to transact the following business:—

1. To receive the Directors' Report and the Audited Accounts up to 30th June, 1894.
2. To declare a Dividend.
3. To elect a Director in the room of the Director who retires by rotation but is eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditors and fix their remuneration.
5. To transact any other business which the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 20th September to 4th October, both Days inclusive.

By Order of the Directors,

GADDUM, BYTHELL & Co.,
Secretaries and Treasurers.

Bombay, 12th September, 1894.

LIST of ESTATES to which Letters of Administration have been Granted to the Administrator-General, Bombay, and of Estates which have come under his charge :—

CHARLES HENRY BELL, late Assistant Surgeon, attached to the Station Hospital, Colaba.
JAMES HENRY ARTHUR BLAKEMAN, late Engineer in Messrs. Muljt Jivraz and Company's Ginning Factory and Cotton Press, Dhulia.
GOVERDHANDAS PURMANANDAS, late of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant.
ANNE SOPHIA CONNOR (Widow of WILLIAM CONNOR), late of Purandhar, in the Poona District.
JAFFER ALLARAKHIA, late of Bombay, Khoja Mahomedan, Boat and General Merchant, trading under the name and style of Jaffer Allarakhia and Sons.
NUNDIBAI (Widow of HEMRAJ HEERJEE), late of Nadiad, Hindu Inhabitant.
ROZA MARIA BOCARRO, late of Bombay, Portuguese Inhabitant.
DESMOND PURCELL, late of Poona, European Pensioner.
GEORGE CRAIK, late of Karachi, European Undertaker.

All persons having claims against, being indebted to, or holding property belonging to, the above-named Estates are hereby requested to state their claims, pay their debts and hand over such property to the Undersigned forthwith. All claims must be sent to the Undersigned, at his Office, within One Month from the date of this Advertisement. At the expiration of the said period the Assets of the Estates will be distributed, and claims received after that period will not be recognised.

L. RIVETT CARNAC,
Administrator-General.

Administrator-General's Office, High Court, Bombay, 4th September, 1894.

SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

ON and from the 1st of October, 1894, a NEW TIME TABLE for PASSENGER and MIXED TRAINS will be introduced on the Southern Mahratta Railway system. The Timings at Principal Stations will be as follows. For Details, see Time Bills exhibited at the several Stations.

Stations.	To Bangalore.	From Bangalore.	To Bangalore.	From Bangalore.	To Bangalore.	From Bangalore.
Poona	7-30	17-52	20-15	5-16	22-10	12-23
Wathar (for Mahableshwar)	13-33	11-43	1- 6	0 54	5-19	5-39
Belgaum	7-25	20-21	11-33	14-16	22-23	5-33
Hubli	16-33	9-40	20-10	6- 4	9-20	19-57
Bangalore via Harihar.	...	...	18-33	7-30	10- 4	17-55

Stations.	To Guntakal.	From Guntakal.	To Guntakal.	From Guntakal.
Hubli	19-37	8-56	7-30	19-35
Bellary	5-20	22-35	17-15	10- 7
Guntakal	7- 3	20-30	19-25	7-38

Bangalore	1-20	2-13	10-22	17-5		
Guntakal	8- 0	19- 3	30-31	6-39		
Guntakal ..	17-40	21-45	5-20	8-35	Gadag	0- 5	1-27
Bezwada ..	18-55	1- 0	1- 3	7-41	Hotgi.....	15-41	10-30

NOTE.—The Columns "From" should be read from Bottom to Top.

A. MUIRHEAD,
Traffic Manager.

THE BOMBAY MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY (Limited).

[ESTABLISHED IN 1871.]

Registered on the 21st March, 1871, under Act X. of 1866.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS
(who must also be Policy-Holders) :—

D. GOSTLING, Esq., Architect, Chairman.
Dr. ATMARAM PANDURANG, G.G.M.C., Medical Practitioner.
FRAMROZ RUSTOMJI JOSHI, Esq., Superintendent, Government Central Press.
ALLAN F. TURNER, Esq., Solicitor, High Court, and Coroner of Bombay.
FRANK A. SPENCER, Esq., Assistant Secretary to Government, Political Department.
J. F. VAZ, Esq., late Superintendent, Military Department, Secretariat.
MEDICAL REFEREE :—Surg-Major ANDERSON, The Parsonage, Byculla.

BANKERS : THE BANK OF BOMBAY.
OFFICE :—9, CHURCH GATE STREET.

FUNDS Invested solely in Government of India Securities, Bombay Port Trust, and Municipal Bonds.

The Society was started in the year 1871 by seven subscribers, who paid One Rupee each, i.e., a Capital of Seven Rupees. By careful and economical management the CAPITAL, accumulated from Premia, now amounts to .....Rs. 3,28,500
CLAIMS PAID 1,41,500
ANNUAL PREMIUM INCOME 26,835
NUMBER OF POLICIES ISSUED 415
NUMBER OF POLICIES IN FORCE 244
ASSURING 6,32,500

Although the number of members is small, the Accumulated Funds as compared with the Liabilities are unusually large, being larger in this respect than those of any other Indian Office. These Funds in which new members share in proportion to their payments belong entirely to the Policy-holders.

RATES as Low as those of any other company.

MANAGEMENT entirely controled by Policy-holders, in whom it is vested by the Articles of Association.

PROFITS not diverted to Shareholders, but retained for the benefit of the Policy-holders.

POLICIES taken out for the Whole Term of Life, but payments of Premia limited to EXPECTATION OF LIFE.

SHORT TERM POLICIES issued on the most Advantageous Terms.

LIBERAL SURRENDER VALUE given.

Full Particulars and Forms for taking out Policies may be obtained from

F. L. McAFEE, B.A.,
Secretary.

9, Church Gate Street, 1st September, 1894.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS are invited for the CANAL CLEARANCES and REPAIRS in the Fuleli Canal District for the Season 1894-95.

The Contract Documents, name'y, (1) Specifications of the work, and (2) Tender and Conditions, can be seen during office hours, viz., 11 a.m. to 5 p.m., after 20th September, 1894, on all Days except Sundays, at Head Quarter Office, at Hyderabad, and at all Sub-Divisional Offices and those of Mukhtiarkars.

Information regarding the Contract and Blank Forms of Tender, and Schedule of Prices, with Conditions and Specifications, may be obtained at the above time and place, on a payment of Re. 1-8.

Tenders, which should be Sealed and Endorsed, "Tender for Canal Clearances and Repairs for the Season 1894-95," will be received by the Undersigned upto 12 Noon of 5th OCTOBER, 1894, and will be opened on the Same Day or the following working day. A sum of Rs. 100 in Cash, or in Currency Notes, as Earnest Money, is to accompany each Tender. This will be forfeited in case, after his Tender has been accepted, the Contractor shall fin due course) refuse to sign and complete the Contract Documents and Agreements; otherwise it will be returned.

The acceptance of the Tender will rest with the Superintending Engineer, INDUS LEFT BANK, up to Rs. 20,000 and above that amount with Government.

No alteration in the Form of the Tender or in the Quantities of the Schedule, and no Additions in the Shape of Special Stipulations shall be made without the consent of the Undersigned, and if this be done without authority, the Tender may be rejected. No tender will be taken into consideration unless it is Dated, Signed and Initialled at all corrections by the Tenderer.

The Executive Engineer reserves the right to reject whole or any part of any Tender, and no reason will be given for the acceptance or the rejection of any Tender.

D. W. HERBERT, A.M.I.C.E.,
Executive Engineer, Fuleli Canals.

September 15, 1894.

NOTICE is hereby given that it has come to the knowledge of the Undersigned that his Son, HAJEE ESSACK HAJI MOHOMED, has been trying to Contract Debts from various persons by making Misrepresentations. This is to WARN all persons dealing with him that neither I nor my Firm of HAJEE JAN MOHOMED HAJEE MOHOMED and Co., of which Firm the Undersigned is the Sole Owner, shall be responsible for such dealings, and that the said HAJI ESSACK HAJI MOHOMED has no concern whatever with my said Firm.

હાજી મહમદ જકેરીયા,
i. e., HAJEE MOHOMED JACKERIA.

Bombay, 15th September, 1894.

A LECTURE READ BY
PROFESSOR JAMES DARMESTETER
(In Pamphlet form),
Reprinted from the *Bombay Gazette*,
Annas 2. Post free.
To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Press.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

CLUB WINES.

PHIPSON AND Co., Bombay, are now supplying 207 Military Messes and 61 Clubs with the finest VINTAGE WINES from the following well-known Houses :—

CHRISTOPHER AND Co.	London.
GEORGE TANQUERAY & Co.	London.
PAGE AND SANDEMAN.	London.
JUSTERINI AND BROOKS.	London.
JOHN HARVEY AND SONS.	Bristol.
CABSTAIRS & ROBERTSON.	Leith.
POMMERY AND GRENO.	Rheims.
POL ROGER AND Co.	Rheims.
LANSON PERE ET FILS.	Rheims.
PERRIER JOUET AND Co	Epernay.
HEIDSIECK AND Co.	Rheims.
PERINET ET FILS.	Rheims.
AYALA AND Co.	Chateau d'Ay.
ERNEST IRROY AND Co.	Rheims.
RUINART PERE ET FILS.	Rheims.
DAUMAL ET FILS.	Rheims.
DESBORDES ET FILS.	Avize.
COLIGNY FRERES.	Rheims.
J. SACCONE.	Gibraltar.
KIDD AND SHADBOLT.	London.
CURLIER FRERES.	Cognac.
LEACOCK AND Co.	Madeira.
COSSART GORDON AND Co.	Madeira
COOKBURN SMITHES & Co.	Oporto.
VAN ZELLERS AND Co.	Oporto.
P. J. VALCKENBERG.	Worms.
NATH. JOHNSTON & SONS.	Bordeaux.
A. DE LUZE ET FILS.	Bordeaux.
WOODHOUSE AND Co.	Marsala.
JAMES CATHCART AND Co.	Leith, N. B.
CHAS. MACKINLAY AND Co.	Leith, N. B.
J. & R. GRANT.	Rothes, N. B.
SIR ROBERT BURNETT & Co.	London.
W. E. EDDISON & Co.	London.
GOVERNMENT CELLARS.	Budapest.
MAX GREGER & Co.	Budapest.
JOS. DIETZL.	Budapest.
WILLIAMS, HUMBERT & Co.	Jerez.
G. MABEY & LIGER-BELAIR.	Côtes d'Or.
ACKERMANN-LAURANCE	Saumur.
C. A. LINDGREN & Co.	Stockholm.
ANDREW ROWAN.	Melbourne.
T. P. GRIFFIN & Co.	London.
FRANK BAILEY & Co.	London.

Secretaries and Presidents of Clubs and Military Messes can now obtain Wines from the above well-known Firms, without the inconvenience and expense of importing direct.

Price List on Application to

PHIPSON & CO.,
BOMBAY.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

THREE Steel Lancashire BOILERS, by Messrs. Hick Hargreaves and Co., 28' by 7', double flues 2' 3", each carrying 100 lbs. pressure.

One Compound Condensing Wheel Gear Steam Engine, H. P. Cylinder 32½" and L. P. 50" Dia., Stroke 5 feet, working at 700 I. H. P.

Can be seen at the COLABA LAND and MILL COMPANY'S MILLS, at Colaba, in full working order.

MADRAS RAILWAY COMPANY.

SURPLUS STORES
AND
PLANT FOR DISPOSAL.

THE Undersigned is prepared to receive Offers for the purchase of the following Machinery and Plant *amongst others* which are available for Sale to the public at about Half their original value :—

Portable Steam Cranes to lift 3 tons and 5 tons.
Steam Hoist No. 13 to lift 35 cwt.
Steam Hoists to lift 2 tons.
Pulsometers, Nos. 6, 7 & 8.
Ship's Steam Winch, Bull's, Bell's and Wild's Dredgers.
Crab Winches, double, to lift 3, 5, 6 and 12 tons.
Air Locks fitted with Caps 9" diameter, &c., &c.
Hydraulic Jacks to lift 60 tons.
Improved patent double action Air Pumps with Helmets and Breast Plates, Diving Dresses and Under-Clothing, &c., for Divers, and various other Machinery.

General Stores and Tools of Varied description are also available at very Low prices. Complete List of the articles with prices, and other particulars may be obtained on application to THE GENERAL STOREKEEPER, Rayapuram.

LOUIS S. MOSS,
Agent and Manager.

Madras, 16th July, 184.

PIANOS.

HARRISON & CO.'S

IMPERIAL MODEL.

HEIGHT, 4 ft. 3½ in. WIDTH, 4 ft. 7 in

This Piano is specially suited for India.

PRICE : £25, Net Cash,

Usual shop price, £40.

Burr Walnut, Rosewood or Ebonized, Iron Frame, Full Trichord, Check Action, Three Compartment Top Door, with Burr Mouldings and Marqueterie Panels incised and gilded, Mouldings on Lockboard and Cheeks, Ivory Keys, Brass Pedals, Sconces.

THIS IS THE CHEAPEST & BEST PIANO IN THE TRADE

HARRISON & CO.,
29, PATERNOSTER SQUARE, E. C.

"FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."

CLARKE'S
WORLD-FAMED
BLOOD MIXTURE

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER & RESTORER

FOR CLEANSING and CLEARING the BLOOD from ALL IMPURITIES it cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It Cures Old Sores.
Cures Sores on the Neck.
Cures Sore Legs.
Cures Blackhead or Pimples on Face.
Cures Scurvy.
Cures Ulcers.
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases.
Cures Glandular Swellings.
Clears the Blood from all Impure Matter, From whatever cause arising.

It is a sure specific for Gout and Rheumatic pains. It removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.

As this Mixture is pleasant to the taste and warranted not to injure any thing injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Translation of letter from Fiji.

The Letter of Jonathan to Mr. Dunsford.

"My F iend.—I write to you to-day to tell you about my illness. I lovyou very much to-day because of the medicine you gave to me. Three months I was very ill, truly, because of my leg I could not plant yams, I could not go fishing, I could not eat or sleep; but now I am quite well again. It is truly a wonderful medicine. I beg you, Mr. Dunsford, give me one more bottle, as the month of boils is near.

"Preparation Day (Saturday), Bua, Vanual Levu."

Explanation of above Letter.

"In Fiji, at certain times of the year, both the European residents and the natives themselves break out in boils, which, if not immediately seen to, not infrequently develop into terrible running sores. At these times I can conscientiously assert that I know of no better medicine than Clarke's Blood Mixture, which I have used with unfailing success both among my white and black neighbours. The enclosed letter from "Jonathan," a Christianised Fijian, speaks for itself. For three months he had bear almost a cripple, and yet one of your large bottles cpletely set him up. In ordinary cases even a less quananity will effect a cure.—I am, dear Sir, yours faithfully,

"T. EDGUMBE DUNSFORD.
45, Leicester-square, London, W.C.,
"21 June, 1892."

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS.

[Clarke's Blood Mixture is sold in Bottles 2s. 9d. each, and in cases containing six times the quantity, 11s.—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the worst possible cases of long standing cases, BY ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the world. Proprietors, THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

CAUTION.—Purchasers of Clarke's Blood Mixture should see that they get the genuine article. Worthless imitations and substitutes are sometimes palmed off by unprincipled vendors. The words "Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England," are engraved on the Government stamp, and "Clarke's World-famed Blood Mixture," blown in the bottle WITHOUT WHICH NONE ARE GENUINE.

GOLD PRIZE-MEDAL NATIONAL ACADEMY

DR. DE ROOS'
WORLD-FAMED
GUTTÆ VITÆ,
OR LIFE DROPS.

The Great European Remedy for Nervous and Functional Debility, Spermatorrhœa, &c.

This remarkable rejuvenating essence strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles, and speedily restores the impaired powers of life, imparting strength and manly vigour to the most debilitated and worn-out constitution. Those who suffer from Premature Decay, or deficiency of the Vital Forces owing to long residence in India, or any other cause, will find this medicine just what they require. Equally adapted for the studious and sedentary; the aged and infirm; the nervous and debilitated; as also for delicate females and weakly children. All sufferers from loss of appetite, nervous headache, lassitude, and despondency—too often accompanied with suicidal thoughts—should make immediate and fair unprejudiced trial of this wonderful medicine, which is daily effecting the most remarkable cures in patients who had been given up by the Faculty. In all cases of nervous and functional debility (arising from whatever cause), it is truly unrivalled. To married persons especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour in place of lassitude and incapacity.—Price 11s., or four times that quantity, 33s. per bottle.

Dr. De Roos' Medicines are sold by all the Principal Chemists and Merchants in India. Purchasers are particularly requested to see that every package bears the British Government Stamp, with the words, "WALTER DE ROOS, LONDON," impressed thereon in white letters on a red ground, and refuse worthless imitations frequently put forward by unscrupulous vendors for the sake of extra profit.

PAINS IN THE BACK, GRAVEL, LUMBAGO, GOUT, RHEUMATISM, DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS, AND BLADDER, STRICTURE, &c.

DR. DE ROOS'

COMPOUND RENAL PILLS

Are a safe and speedy Remedy for the above dangerous complaints, Discharges and Diseases of the Urinary Organs, generally, which too frequently harass the sufferer over the best years of life, and end only in an agonising death. For weakness across the loins, sandy or other deposit in the water, and in all cases of renal or urinary disturbance, they are, indeed, unrivalled. They correct acidity of the stomach, and promote the functions of the kidneys, thereby prevensing stone in the bladder, &c. Many complaints, long supposed to be nervous, often arise solely from contamination of the blood with certain impurities which should have been carried off by the kidneys. Thousands of testimonials from grateful Patients attest their marvellous efficacy. In packages. 2s. 9d. and 4s. 6d.

DR. DE ROOS'
PILULÆ VITÆ, OR

VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS.

The most wonderful Pills in the world for Indigestion, Billiousness, and all Disorders of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels. Their action is mild yet effectual; they do not gripe or purge, and for habitual costiveness, loss of appetite, disturbed sleep, harassing dreams, wind, indigestion, sick headache, furred tongue, unpleasant taste in the mouth on rising in the morning, sallowness, scurvy, pimples, blotches, boils, &c., they are of unexampled efficacy; and being prepared solely from the vegetable kingdom, may be taken by the most delicate of either sex, equally with the robust, merely regulating the dose according to the printed directions accompanying each box.

Those who are subject to occasional attacks of Billiousness instead of resorting to the old-fashioned blue pill and nauseous black draught, will do well to keep a box of these Pills by them and never leave home without them: an attack may thus be nipped in the bud by taking a dose or two, which, if allowed to run its course for a few days, would probably almost completely prostrate its unhappy victim. Sold in boxes at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d. and 4s. 6d.

WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR INDIA,

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,

BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

N.B.—The Trade and Native Dealers supplied under Special Discount.

Debilitated and nervous young men should read the "Medical Adviser," by Dr. De Roos, on the secret causes of nervous debility, impotency, depression of spirits, and confirmed melancholy. Sent post free on receipt of a Postal Order for one Shilling by Mr. LAWES, Medical Publisher, 14, Hand-court, Holborn, London, W.C.

DR. DE JONGH'S
KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM
KNIGHT OF THE LEGION OF HONOUR
LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBL THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.

Incontestably proved by Thirty Years' Medical Experience to be

The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in

CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST, THROAT AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE SKIN, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, RICKETS, AND ALL SCROFULOUS DISORDERS.

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.

SIR G. DUNCAN GIBB, Bart., M.D.,
Late Staff Surgeon, Army, Professor of Hygiene, Birkbeck Institution, London.

"The value of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL as a therapeutic agent in a number of diseases, chiefly of an exhaustive character, has been admitted by the world of medicine; but, in addition, I have found it a remedy of great power in the treatment of many Affections of the Throat and Larynx, especially in Consumption of the latter, where it will sustain life when everything else fails."

DR. SINCLAIR COGHILL,
Physician to the Royal National Hospital for Consumption, Ventnor.

"I have convinced myself that in Tubercular and the various forms of Strumous Disease, DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL possesses greater therapeutic efficacy than any other Cod Liver Oil with which I am acquainted. It was especially noted, in a large number of cases in which the patients protested they had never been able to retain or digest other Cod Liver Oil, that DR. DE JONGH'S OIL was not only tolerated, but taken readily, and with marked benefit."

JOSEPH J. POPE, Esq., M.R.C.S.,
Late Staff Surgeon, Army, Professor of Hygiene, Birkbeck Institution, London.

"I found during my Indian experience that the worth and character of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL remained unchanged by tropical heat or foreign climate, and it was, from its uniformity of character, particularly adapted for long-continued administration. The value of "hydro-carbons" in all debilitated states of the system is now becoming thoroughly recognised; and it is, without doubt, from the animal oils and fats, rather than from their vegetable substitutes, that we may hope to derive the surest benefit. The Oil of DR. DE JONGH places in everyone's reach a reliable and valuable remedy, one that cannot be too widely recognized."

DR. R. C. CROFT,
Author of "Handbook for the Nursery."

"DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is almost a specific in many of the Diseases peculiar to Infancy and Childhood, and I have seen marked benefit produced by its use. Patients prefer it to the Pale Oils, and are able to retain it more comfortably."

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is supplied ONLY in IMPERIAL Half-Pints, Pints and Quarts, sealed with BETTS'S Patent Capsule impressed on the top with DR. DE JONGH'S Stamp, and on the side with his Signature, and the Signature of ANSAR, HARFORD & Co.; and bearing under the wrapper a Label with the same Stamp and Signature

WITHOUT THESE MARKS NONE CAN POSSIBLY BE GENUINE.

Sold by all respectable Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout the World.

SOLE CONSIGNEES.

ANSAR, HARFORD & Co., Limited, 210, HIGH HOLBORN, LONDON.

FIELD'S CITRATE OF MAGNESIA

(EFFERVESCENT),

AERATED WATER MANUFACTURERS', BREWERS', AND CONFECTIONERS' CHEMICALS

MAY BE ORDERED THROUGH FIRMS OF ENGLISH MERCHANTS, OR DIRECT FROM

C. W. FIELD,

MANUFACTURING CHEMIST AND ESSENTIAL OIL DISTILLER,

CAMBRIAN MILLS, WOOD STREET, LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND.

AGENTS WANTED IN BOMBAY AND CALCUTTA.

NERVOUS EXHAUSTION.

PULVERMACHER'S WORLD-FAMED GALVANIC BELTS, for the cure of NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, have received Testimonials from THREE PHYSICIANS TO HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN and the leading Physicians of Nine London Hospitals, including Forty Members of the Royal College of Physicians of London.

The distressing symptoms of NERVOUS EXHAUSTION, loss of MUSCULAR POWER, RHEUMATISM, SCIATICA, PARALYSIS, EPILEPSY, &c., are speedily removed by means of Pulvermacher's World-famed Galvanic Belts, which convey the electric current direct to the affected parts, gradually stimulating and strengthening all the nerves and muscles, and speedily arresting all symptoms of premature waste and decay.

Dr. C. HANDFIELD JONES, F.R.C.P., F.R.S., Physician to St. Mary's Hospital, says: "I am satisfied that Mr. PULVERMACHER is an honest and earnest labourer in the field of science, and I think he deserves to meet with every encouragement from the profession and scientific men."

Sir CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M.D., Physician to Her Majesty, says: "PULVERMACHER'S BELTS are very effective in Neuralgia and Rheumatic Affections, and I have prescribed them largely in my practice for other similar maladies, paralysis, &c."

For Full Price List and Particulars, see new Pamphlet, "GALVANISM: NATURE'S CHIEF RESTORER OF IMPAIRED VITAL ENERGY." Post free from

PULV

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Names.	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Dividend.	Cash Rate
INDIAN BANKS		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	10 pr. ct.	1,361
Bank of Bengal	10,000	200	all	10 pr. ct.	1,250
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	10 pr. ct.	1,100
Commercial B.	5,000	100	100		16 xd
Ld. Mgs....	3,000	100	75	10 p.c.	115 xd
	3,000	100	10		30 xd
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	100,000	410	all	5 pr. ct.	60xd
Charter Bank of India, Australia and China	40,000	625	625	7 pr. ct.	620
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	50,000	$125	all	40	29
National Bank of India	40 000	625	6124	6 pr. ct.	245

PRESS COMPANIES, Yearly Rs.

Argus	60	1,250	1,25	75	1,450
Albert Gimnio Co	10	500	all		450
Albert Kapra Shoor	21	1,125	1,100	90	1,1174
Bellamy	10	1,000	1,000	1	227½
Bhowanee Chit Press					
Bombay Gas Co.	55	250	25)	dvd 45	285
Bombay Cotton Prod's Gawn-ing Co. Ltd.	100	125	125	dvd Rs.7	120
Bombay City Press Co., Ltd.	57	200	200		107½
Broach City Press Co., Ltd	200	200	all	14	207½
Chabi	500	1,891	1,88	20	195
East India	300	1,000	1,00	75 dvd	1,250
English Press and Manfg.	60	250		dvd Rs.7	1124
Fort	515	2 502		Rs. 80	1,220
Frend'ssons	92	1		dvd Rs.25	435xd
Harvey and Sabapathy, Oriental Press	450			3	457
Co., Ld.	750	600	all	dvdRs.74	1061xd
Jhangandi	41	150	15	dvd Rs.30	430
Mahaya Press Co., Ld	300	20)	all	15 pr. ct.	247½
Man sadpura Cotton Co. and P. Co., Ld.	20	50)	500	63	190
Mercantile	1,000	125	125	10	100
Mitra and Co.	3,12	600	600		600
Munsur M	1,000	250	all	Nil	227½
New Bora	1,250	500	500	Nil	550
New Kaiser-i-Hind	1,000	125	125		140
Prince of Wales	100	250	90	Rs.15 dv	493
Satapathy (Bellary)	500	500	75	20	480
Sayaji	99	500	500	20	565
Stanley Press and Pub. Co.	19	1,000	00	180	2,00
Stationery Mfg.	47	2,00	750	35	610
Steam Woollen Mills	1,200	25	25	Nil	10
Sun					14
Times of India P. Co., Ltd.	272	200	all	15	231
Vakeel		1,00	1000	15	1,161

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

				guar.	
G.I. P. R. Consolidated Stock	—	4100	all	5 p.c.	3,40
B. B. & C. R.	—	5 14	—	do.	

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Alliance	1,50	1,000	all	Rs. 15	540
Anglo-Indian	1,31	100	100	Nil	45
Bellary S & W'g Co. Ld. (Bellary)	871	5 0	all	9 per ct.	395
Bombay Cotton Manag. Co.	900	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs.80	675
Bombay Cotton Manag. Co.	600	500	500	20	385
Bombay Industrial Manfg. Co.	400	250	25	Nil	82
Bombay New Mills Co., Ld.	1,000	1,000	1,000	—	170
Britannia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	225
Central Bombay Mills	1,000	500	500	dvd Rs.35	1,450
China Mills Co. Ld.	900	1,000	1,000	Nil	395
City of Bombay Mills	600	1,00	1,00	—	870
Connaught Mills	800	500	50	dvd Rs.25	625xd
Dahna Land & Mill	4,90	75		Rs. 1	67½
Crescia Mills	90	1,00	1,00	dvd 6p.c.	185
David Mill	1,40	200	50	15 15	693
Dhun Mills	1,00	1,00	1,00	—	700
Empress	2,10	500	500	dvdRs.25	500xd
Framjee Petit	1,50	1,00	1,00	Nil	330
Sir Dinshaw Manockjee Petit	87	1,00	1,00	—	745
Hamam	79	50	50	4	86
Howard and Bullough	1 60	30	30	dvdRs.25	553xd
Hydershad	70	1,00	1,00	dvdRs.50	1,170
Imperial Cotton	92	50	50	dvdRs.15	380
Indian Manfg.	200	1,00	1,00	30	1,31 xd
James Greaves	1,10	500	50	dvdRs.25	545½
Jaffer Alli	90	50	50	Rs. 5	570
Jamshedjee Manufacturing Co.	1,80	—	250	—	1324
Jowraj Baloo	1 07	—	90	dvdRs.40	950
Jubilee Mills Co., Ld.	90	1,00	1,00	Rs. 20	201
Khandesh	75	1,00	1,00	Nil	640
Khatau Makanjee Manfg. Co.	40	250	25	Nil	82
Kamjee	1,01	1,00	1,00	Nil	755
Leopold	3,50	100	100	dvdRs.10	168xd
Lord Rony Mfg.	44	1,00	1,00	dvdRs.15	630
Lakmidas Spinning & Weaving	1,90	1,00	1,00	Nil	945
Madras United	350	1,00	1,00	Rs. 100	2,200xd
Mahalaxmee	70	1,00	1,00	Nil	300
Mahboob Shah Mills (Gulburga)	1,40	50	50	15 pr. c	1834
Manockjee Petit	1,00	1,00	1,00	Rs. 80	1,765
Manugon	5,00	0	99	Nil	147½
Maruganmal Shamji	1,05	1,00	1 00	dvdRs.60	2,050
Maharaja Mg. Co. S. & M. Co.	4,50	10	10	—	—
Madura Mills	7,77	100	100	Nil.	p. r
National	50	1,00	1,00	Nil	75
New Great Eastern	1,40	1,00	1,00	Rs. 20	470
Oriental	2,50	50	50	15	415
Presidency Mills Co (Ld.)	743	1,00	1,00	Rs. 40	1,355
Queen Mills	900	1,00	1,00	—	610
Ruby Mills	650	1,00	1,00	—	1,035
Sassoon	1,50	1,00	1,00	25	1,45
Secunderabad	500	1,00	1,00	—	1,00
Sonderdas	750	1,00	1,00	Nil	630
Southern India Mills	1,00	500	50	Rs. 15	150
Southern Mahratta	1,21	25	250	124	360xd
Standard Mills, Ld.	1,20	250	250	125	185
Star of India	1,00	1,00	1,00	Nil	200
Sudeshi Mills Manufacturing and Manufacturing Co.	97	1,00	1,00	55	550
Vanlakmikar Lakhmidas Khimji C. Mills Co. Ld.	90	50	90	15	501
Victoria Mills.	55	1,00	1,00	Nil	121
Western India.	1,93	1,00	1,00	Nil	749
Ya Ma Mills	1,00	1,00	1,00	—	1,00
Zeba Mills Ld.	90	1,00	1,00	—	500

MISCELLANEOUS.

				Dld.	
Allcock Ashdown	1,00	200	200		310 xd
Back Bay Reclamation	75	50	150	½	225xd
Back Bay Baths	500	50	50	½	40
Bombay Pilotage and Towage Co.	5,000	100	100		113
Bombay Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	1,500	Rs. 200	5,250
Do. New lease	80	375	225	Rs. 75	1,312½
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co. Ld.	1,25	100	100	dvd Rs.3	75
Bombay Land and Building Co. Ld.	450	500	500	3 pr. ct.	631
Bombay Flour Mill	1,000	500	500	Rs. 50	1,425
Deccan Ice Co. in Liquidation	1,170	100	100	Nil	(nil
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000		500	5 pr. ct.	251
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills.	1,50	200	20	Rs. 20	305
Delhi Cloth & General Mills Co., Ld	2,80	250	250	7½ pr. ct.	300
Indian Guarantee & Surety Ship Assn.	5,00	100	1	10 pr.ct.	16
John Roberts & Co.	1 80	120	120	10 pr. ct.	135
Kemp & Co.	4,000	200	175	dvdRs.21	221xd
Kurrachee Landing	500	500	200	20	16)
Maharanee Ice Manufacturing Co.	2,500	100	100	Nil.	1½l
Marcks & Co., Ld.	200	100	100	Rs. 10	117
Nagar Metal Co	2,000	100	100	9 pr.ct.	50
Napier Foundry	1,000	100	200	—	60
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance	5,000	200	50	10 pr. ct.	175
Phillips & Co.,	4,00	100	100	Rs. 7	97
Port Canning Co.	8,00	1,000	1,000	20	475xd
Prince of Wales Fire In.	250	5 000	1,000	N dvd.	2,3 0
Soundy & Co	1,000	100	200	0	50
Thracher & Co.	2,00	500	100	90	1,002
Thacker & Co.	1,500	100	100	Nil.	61
Telephone Co..	9,200	25	all	5	23
			100		
			25		

PRICES OF BULLION.

Sovereigns	Rs. 18-4
Carolus	" 204 nom.
Mexican Dollars	" 192 nom.
Gold Five-Franc Pieces	" 15 for 4 pices gold nom
Bar Silver	" 93-1
Gold Leaf	" 28
Bar Gold, English (100 touch)	" 28-10
Bar Australian	" 24-1 nom.
Bar Bombay	" 28-8
Bar Pekin	" 27½

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Four per cent.	103 nom.
Three-and-a-half per cent	103-12
Municipal 5 percent. Debenture Loans	123
New French Loan 5 per cent. 1872	nom.
City of Paris Loan	250 nom.
Four per cent. Port Trust and	98

EXCHANGE.

	Terms.		Rate.
London Banks	On demand		1s. 1 13-32d.
Do. do.	Telegraphic		1s. 1 3-8d.
Do. do.	3 Months sight		1s. 1 7-16d.
Do. do.	4 Do.	do.	1s. 1 15-32d.
Do. do.	6 Do.	do.	1s. 1 ½d.
Do. Credits	6 Do.	do.	1s. 1 ½d.
Do. do.	6 Do.	do.	1s. 1 9-16 d
Do. Documents	3 Do.	do.	1s. 1 17-32d.
Do. do.	6 Do.	do.	1s. 1 19-32d.
France	3 Do.	do.	1'42
Do.	6 Do.	do.	1'42
Calcutta	At sight		100 1-16
Do.	60 days'	do.	2 per cent. nom.
Madras	At sight		100 1-16
Do.	30 days'	do.	99-12
China	30 days'	do.	192½

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

SEPTEMBER 21.

GREAT BRITAIN.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect Via Suez, perfect.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.

AMERICA.—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.

AUSTRALIA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.

CHINA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.

AFRICA.—Via Aden, perfect. Via Cadiz-Teneriffe, perfect. Via Lisbon St. Vincent perfect.

Rou'e Saigon-Bangkok interrupted.

Cable Zanzibar-Mombassa interrupted.

Cable Benguela-Mossamedes interrupted.

Madagascar and Reunion mail closes at Mauritius, at midnight, on Saturday, the 22nd instant.

Madagascar mail closes at Durban, at 10 a.m., on Saturday, the 22nd instant.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Mysore Spinning and Manufacturing Company, Bank Street, 2 p.m.

English Press and Manufacturing Company, Church Gate Street, 3 p.m.

Sind Press Company, Elphinstone Circle, 3 p.m.

Football Match, Cooperage.

Bombay Rifle Club Competition.

Music on the Esplanade, 5-30 p.m.

Lecture on "Good Company," at the People's Free Reading Room, Fort, 8-30 p.m.

CRICKET.

Y. M. C. A. vs. Ralli Brothers.

B. V. A. vs. R. I. M.

Telegraph vs. Customs.

Military Medical vs. Army and N. C. Stores.

TO-MORROW.

Cricket: Hindu Gymkhana vs. Islam Gymkhana.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The steamer Etholganda entered, and the steamer Chyebassa left the dock yesterday.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The steamers Rosetta, Gisela, and Peninsular left the dock yesterday.

THEOSOPHICAL LECTURE.—Mr. David Gostling will deliver a lecture, at the Theosophical Hall, 37, Hornby Road, at 6 p.m., to-morrow, on the "Religious and Philosophical Systems of India and their Counterparts in Western World."

STOLEN OR GIVEN BY MISTAKE.—Ibrahim Osman, a doctor, on board the Turkish steamer, Abdul Kadur, now lying off Mody Bay, has reported to the police that during Thursday night a gold Turkish coin, valued at Rs. 14, was stolen from his coat pocket. Complainant had some copper coins in his pocket and it is thought that he may have parted with the gold coin in mistake for a copper one.

CRICKET.—The following team will represent the B. V. A. A. C. in their match to-day against the R. I. Marine C. C., on the V. A. A. C. ground, commencing at 2 p. m.:—Sergt. W. J. Jackson (capt.), Grs. A. Quinney, W. H. Cole, H. S. Read, T. Catchpole, C. Worman, G. W. Claridge, A. C. Bowack, F. Gouldson, F. V. Joyce, and J. A. Brandon. Reserves, Bdmdr. G. F. Hesketh, and Hon. Mem. A. Chadwick.

BURGLARY AT COLABA CAUSEWAY.—At the Esplanade Police Court, on Thursday, Mr. Phoroz Hosang Dastur, acting Third Presidency Magistrate, disposed of the case, in which Antone Pedroo, a man with several aliases, was charged by Inspector Nolmes, with house-breaking and theft of property, valued at over Rs. 1,000, belonging to Captain Mackay, Assistant Conservator of the Port, residing at Colaba Causeway. The magistrate sentenced the accused to eighteen months' imprisonment, with hard labour, in addition to a fine of Rs. 500, with the alternative of further imprisonment for six months.

FRAUD BY A CART DRIVER.—On Monday, Jetha Walla, a grain-dealer, despatched fifty labour-carts, loaded with bags of rice, from Mody Bander, to a godown at Carnac Bander. One of these carts, loaded with ten bags of rice, valued at Rs. 70, failing to reach its destination, the complainant reported the matter to the police, who, upon an inquiry, ascertained that the cart had been detained for the past three or four months by the Port Trust authorities, at Wari Bunder, for non-payment of ground-rent, and that its number plate had been stolen or lost some time during the last couple of months.

PARSEE THEATRICALS.—Mr. Cursetjee Mervanjee Balivala, the proprietor of the Victoria Dramatic Company and of the Novelty Theatre, has been affording abundant amusement to the Parsees and their families during the festive days following the new year. Yesterday, the company gave two performances, one in the afternoon for Parsee ladies and children, and for the benefit of those who live at a distance from the Fort, and another at night. Evening after evening the house is crowded to overflowing, and the management deserve much praise for affording innocent amusement to the old and young alike.

MUSIC ON THE ESPLANADE.—By kind permission of the Commandant and Officers the Band of the 1st Battalion B. B. and C. I. Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps will perform the following programme, at the Esplanade Bandstand, this evening, at 5-30 o'clock (weather permitting):—

Quick March... Pax in Bello	J Sumar
Overture ..... Rosamunde	Franz Schubert
Valse ..... Love's Dreamland	Otto Roeder
Selection ..... Les Cloches de Corneville	Planquette
Polka ..... Ionian	Mrs E Wardroper
Galop ..... Now Here Now There	Faust

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

KIDNAPPING A GIRL.—Suntoo Ittoo, a Hindu, went to Null Bazaar, on Thursday morning, and observing a girl playing in front of her mother's shop enticed her away to Bapoo Khote Street, with the intention of robbing the child of the ornaments of the value of Rs. 14 which she had on her person. However, he was detected both by the mother of the girl and the towns-people in the act of robbing the child of the ornaments, and was given into custody. At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, Suntoo was charged by Constable Mayor before Mr. W. R. Hamilton, Second Presidency Magistrate, with kidnapping a minor from her lawful guardian. The accused against whom stood five previous convictions, stated that, on the day in question, he met the girl at Null Bazaar, and observing several carriages passing along the road took her on one side to prevent her being run over. The magistrate said there was no doubt accused kidnapped the child with the intention of taking away her ornaments, and sentenced him to two years' rigorous imprisonment.

ALLEGED DEFAMATION BY A BROTHER.—At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, Mr. Cooper, Chief Presidency Magistrate, disposed of the case, in which Shapoorjee Sohrabjee Ardeshir, of Colaba Causeway, was charged by Inspector Nolmes, with house-breaking and theft of property, valued at over Rs. 1,000, belonging to Captain Mackay, Assistant Conservator of the Port, residing at Colaba Causeway. The magistrate sentenced the accused to eighteen months' imprisonment, with hard labour, in addition to a fine of Rs. 500, with the alternative of further imprisonment for six months.

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NEWS OF THE DAY.

A BLUE-BOOK has been published containing correspondence between the Secretary of State and the Government of India on the Baladhun Murder Case. The Government in a despatch, dated July 17, express concurrence with the opinion of the Chief Commissioner of Assam, that there is no reason to suppose the Sessions Judge did not act perfectly *bona fide* throughout the proceedings or that he had any intention of placing prisoners at a disadvantage. They, therefore, did not consider it necessary to take any further measures in connection with the case.

A NUMBER of new pupils are being enrolled at the Aitchison Chiefs' College. The residence during durbar week of his Excellency the Viceroy and the Countess of Elgin within the college grounds will be a fine thing for the lads there who have, since the college was founded, seen too little hitherto of encouragement from high quarters. We hope his Excellency will take an opportunity to tell the assembled Chiefs at the durbar that the Chiefs' College is the Eton of the Punjab, and that as there is no Harrow or Rugby to compete with it, not to have been educated there will mean, for the next generation of the Punjab gentlemen, not to have been educated at all.

THE project of a bridge over the Brahmaputra is still hanging fire. The District Board of Mymensingh, which took up the proposal in earnest, some time ago, have now decided that they cannot undertake the work, unless they are authorized to levy a poll-tax on the passengers. If the District Board finally decide not to undertake the work, the Mymensingh Municipality is likely to do so. In that case half of the amount of the cost will be raised by subscription, and the other half by a loan contracted from the Government. It is said that several zemindars, who have their property in the banks of the great river, are ready to come forward to raise among themselves half of the estimated cost.

THE Ganpati svaree procession at Baroda, writes a resident, went off with great eclat last Thursday week. The little Princes attending it mounted on an elephant, and were accompanied by the State Dawan and the "Senapati," Commander-in-Chief, their uncle. The spectacle was an imposing one as a military display, as the whole of the Maharaja's troops, both regular and otherwise, turned out to swell its importance. The little Princes were simply dressed but looked exceedingly well, and appeared to take a lively interest in all that was going on. The slow, monotonous progress of the procession, which lasted three hours, and the incessant noise and tom-toming attendant on the occasion seemed to have no depressing effect on their nerves. The city was full of villagers who had walked miles to be present.

A CLERK, named Babu Karam Singh, employed in the office of the Inspector of Schools, Lahore Circle, has been accused under Section 467 of the Indian Penal Code, of forging the pay-bill for Mr. T. C. Lewis, Inspector of Schools, who has been lately appointed a Director of Public Instruction, North-Western Provinces. The accused forged the signature of Mr. Lewis, and presented the bill to the office of the Accountant-General, Punjab, whereupon in the usual course of business a cheque was issued payable to Babu Karam Singh. It has been discovered that the cheque was cashed by the Babu at one of the Bombay banks, and it is surmised that he has left India.

FROM the 8th to the 14th instant, 3 Europeans, 6 East Indians, 10 Native Christians, 248 Hindus, and 34 Mahomedans died within the Municipal limits of Madras, making a total of 301 persons. The average for the corresponding week of the ten previous years was 403. The deaths are thus classified:—4 from measles, 106 from fevers, 26 from dysentery, 14 from diarrhœa, and 151 from other diseases. The death-rate in the week under notice was 34·5 per 1,000 per annum. The mean of the ten previous years was 46·3 per mille per annum.

IT is probable that the Anglo-Chinese Commission for demarcating the Burman frontier will not meet this cold weather, as insufficient time remains for preparation before the open season sets in.

IT was not the depreciation of silver that robbed a disappointed midshipman in the mercantile marine of his pocket-money, nor was it the forgetfulness of the ingenuous boy's parents. What the cause really was remains a mystery, as the following statement by the lad's father shows: "When sending small sums to India through the post office the system is different from the ordinary post office-order plan. You lodge the money here together with the charge for transmission, and the authorities advise forward. The Indian Post Office people are then to send the money to the payee at the address given. Wishing to supply a little pocket-money to my son, who is apprentice on boardship, I lodged Rs. 40 at the St. Jame's-street office, London, on February 22 last, to be transmitted to him at Calcutta, giving his name, the ship, and the agents. The money was not sent him, nor did he receive any notice from the Calcutta post office, although he wrote to it from False Point, where his ship lay, to have the money forwarded. I made inquiry here, and after some weeks was informed that, 'as the money was not called for it was not paid.' As the ship had meanwhile sailed, I wrote, on June 7, to the Comptroller of the Money Order Office at the General Post Office to have the money returned to me, and to furnish an explanation of the blunder made at Calcutta. Since then I have written him twice, but up to now have received neither the money nor the explanation. I now make the matter public in the hope that young fellows landing from a long voyage may not in future be done out of their pocket-money as my poor lad has been."

THE Paris press is devoting a good deal of attention to English action in the region of the Upper Nile. The *Temps* does not believe in the likelihood of joint English and Italian co-operation in the Soudan, inasmuch as the former does not desire it. "There are two points very clear in the African policy of England," says this paper; "she wishes full liberty of action in the region separating Upper Egypt from the great lakes, and, on the points which may be called strategic, she wishes to be alone. She no more desires a *condominium* in the Egyptian Soudan than in Cairo."

THE *Debats* says that the language of the Queen relative to the Siamese and the African questions at issue between France and England was looked forward to with interest in Paris. It thinks her Majesty, perhaps, insisted at too great length on the differences existing between the two countries, and on the delays which have occurred. But she announced that the negotiations would, for the future, be carried on in an amicable spirit; a fact which the *Debats* notes with pleasure, since it is persuaded that the French Government will not fail to act in a similar spirit.

THE succession to Sir John Cowell as Comptroller of the Royal Household, is said to be likely to go to Sir Fleetwood Edwards, R.E., Assistant Private Secretary and Assistant Keeper of the Privy Purse to her Majesty. Another name, that of Lieutenant-Colonel Bigge, C.B., C.M.G., is also mentioned in connection with this appointment, that brings so much responsibility to its holder. The late Sir John Cowell, with all his tact and experience, did not always find the place a bed of roses.

HENRIK IBSEN has, a Berlin correspondent says, sent an open letter, dated Christiania, 20th August, to all managers of German theatres in which he requests them, when producing his dramas, to use only translations which are authorised by him and are to be got from his German agent. This action of the Norwegian poet has probably been prompted by the statement that three Berlin theatres at the same time were about to put "Ghosts" on the boards. As Germany has no literary convention with Norway, no legal objection could be taken to this. In a legal sense there exists no privileged or authorised translation of a Norwegian author. From a moral stand-point, however, the matter lies differently. It has become customary with the more respectable publishers to obtain permission for translations of works by authors who are not in the literary convention, and to offer them a reasonable indemnity. Custom is here in advance of law, as is very often the case. Added to this, Ibsen, not only for the sake of his works but also personally, is highly esteemed in Berlin, where he has repeatedly stayed, so that it is to be expected that his appeal to the sense and justice of the managers will be respected.

THE study of astronomy and the care of a railway station seem fields of activity and usefulness very widely divergent; but Mr. Richard Langdon, who has just died, managed to combine the two, and to win some fame. He was station-master at the Silverton Station of the Great Western Railway in Devonshire; and, beginning to study astronomy thirty years ago, took a keen interest in it to the end of his life. Acquiring a knowledge of optics, and being a skilful mechanician, he constructed an eight-inch equatorial reflector, grinding the mirror with self-constructed apparatus. In astronomical circles he was known as a keen and accurate observer, and he had lectured to the Royal Astronomical Society.

THE Laird of Johnstone, who is a typical Scotchman of the old school, and who has given the poor people of his neighbourhood leave to help themselves to coal from an open "cast" on his property, is the Highland laird of whom a good story is told. Some years ago, he caused a bandstand to be erected on one of the squares of Joahstone for the benefit of the town. During its erection he personally superintended operations, and one day an old woman, who had been busily gathering a bagful of chips and blocks, said to a tall man near her—"Hi, man! gie us a lift wi' this bag before the laird comes;" and the laird promptly assisted the woman in escaping from himself.

HIGH COURT.—APPELLATE SIDE.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice BAYLEY, Acting Chief Justice, and the Hon. Mr. Justice FARRAN.)

AN APPEAL BY THE G. I. P. RAILWAY COMPANY.

RAISETT CHANDMULL HAMIRMULL AND ANOTHER VS. THE G. I. P. RAILWAY COMPANY.

THIS was an appeal from a decision of Mr. Justice Starling, delivered in favour of the plaintiffs, on the 7th August, 1893. The plaintiffs, Hindu inhabitants, of Bombay, carrying on business as shroffs and commission agents, brought the suit to recover from the railway company Rs. 6,010 as compensation for the contents and value of a box delivered by plaintiffs to be carried from Byculla to Saugor which had been wholly lost, and which was not carried and delivered by the defendants in accordance with their contract with the plaintiffs. Mr. Justice Starling found for the plaintiffs, and passed a decree for them for Rs. 7,29·1-1, being the aggregate of the sum claimed, and a further sum of Rs. 1,291-1-1, as damages for the non-delivery of the parcel, and as compensation for the breach of contract with the cost of the suit. The railway company appealed from this judgment. Mr. Inverarity and Mr. Scott, instructed by Messrs. Crawford, Burder, Buckland, and Bayley, appeared for the plaintiffs and respondents; and the Hon. Mr. Lang and Mr. Kirkpatrick, instructed by Messrs. Little, Smith, Nicholson, and Bowen, appeared for the appellants and defendants.

Mr. Justice Starling, in giving his decision in the case, said that the suit was brought to recover the value of a box of silver specie, alleged to have been delivered for carriage to Saugor, on the 3rd January, 1890, but which never reached its destination; and upon the evidence his Lordship came to the conclusion that the box did contain Rs. 6,000 in silver coin. The box did not arrive at Saugor, but when the agent of the defendants at the Saugor Station, on the morning of the 6th January, with the receipt, he was tendered a box packed in gunny with no seals on it, weighing only thirty-six seers, and which was afterwards discovered to contain nothing but a quantity of black cotton soil and two large iron hammer heads. Coming to the question whether the defendants were liable for the non-delivery of the box, his Lordship said the first defence was that of limitation. His Lordship held that the suit having been brought within three years was in time. The defendants then said that, as the contents of the box were silver coin, and it was sent uninsured, they were not liable for its loss under any circumstances. His Lordship was of opinion that the ordinary liability of carriers by railway companies in India was in that of bailees, and that they were bound to take as much care of goods delivered to them for carriage as a man of ordinary prudence would, under similar circumstances, take of his own goods of the same bulk, quality, and value as those delivered for carriage, and no more. Then Section 11 of the Act provides that, with respect to certain classes of goods, among which are silver or silver coin, no liability whatever should attach to the company in respect of the loss, etc., of such goods unless at the time of delivery for despatch, the value and nature of the goods should have been declared, and an increased charge for the safe conveyance of the same, or an agreement to pay the same been accepted by the railway company. His Lordship was of opinion that the defendants must stand or fall on the decision of the question, whether "an increased charge" is equivalent to insurance; and his Lordship held it was not. As those who brought the parcel told the booking-clerk that it contained "chandi ka rupa," or silver coin, and paid an increased charge for it, his Lordship was of opinion that the defendants were liable for the non-delivery of the parcel unless they could show that they had taken that care of it which was required by Section 151 of the Contract Act. The booking-clerk was informed that the contents of the parcel were Rs. 6,000. The only question, then, before his Lordship was, was that liability the defendants were under when they accepted certain rates. Now, what was the evidence as to the care taken of the parcel by the defendants? After referring to that evidence, his Lordship said it was impossible to hold that the defendants had discharged the *onus* which lay upon them of showing that they had in respect of the parcel fulfilled the duties of a bailee as laid down in Section 151 of the Contract Act. His Lordship, therefore, passed a decree for the plaintiffs as mentioned above.

It was urged on behalf of the defendants in the argument on the appeal that the judge erred in holding that the delivery of the box for carriage from Bombay to Saugor was adequately proved, or that the suit was not barred by limitation. The judge ought to have held that the nature and value of the contents of the box was not declared by the respondents as required by Section 11 of Act 4 of 1879 of the Government of India; and that no increased charge within the meaning of the section was accepted by the appellants in respect of the box. It was argued that the judge erred in holding that any charge other than the charge described in the company's book of rates as "insurance charge," was an increased charge within the meaning of the section; and that he ought to have held that, having regard to the

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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

BOMBAY MARKET REPORT.

FRIDAY EVENING, SEPT. 21.

SINCE the date of our last report holidays—this time in connection with the Parsee portion of the community—have again prevailed; but they can hardly be said to have interrupted business, which, in most of all its branches, has remained in a state of dulness verging on stagnancy. In presence of the tenor of telegraphic advices from New York and Liverpool, Cotton has declined in value almost daily, a few forward contracts for the new crop, and small purchases of old stuff on some days, being about the only business done by exporters and local consumers, respectively. The demand for Wheat has not improved, though some partial slight fluctuation in prices has taken place in a generally dull market; and Seeds have been bought for shipment to only a moderate extent, the feeling having been mostly quiet. Exchange has been quiet on the whole, and rates weak, our closing quotations being 3-16d. lower for Bank Bills, and 1/8d. for Mercantile Paper than they were last Thursday evening. Money is still very easy. Three-and-a-half per cent. Government Paper is 5/8 per cent. higher. In Freights, the demand for tonnage has not improved, and the tendency in rates for forward business has latterly been rather weaker. There has been no change to speak of in the position of Imports, enquiry from the districts being smaller than usual for the time of year.

MONEY.—With business generally suspended to a great extent during the latter part of the week owing to the Parsee New Year holidays, the already very slack demand for Money might well be expected to have become even less; and accordingly, the Presidency Bank's Statement of Affairs issued on Monday showed an increase in the Cash Balance of over 71¼ lakhs, at 341¼ lakhs. This was brought about principally by the large addition of 79¼ lakhs to Private Deposits, only a small decrease having taken place in Loans, while some increase in Bills Discounted made the net falling off in trade requirements about 78¼ lakhs. The Balance was further swelled by a material addition to Public Deposits at the Bank's branches; but, on the other hand, it was diminished by a further considerable increase in the Bank's holdings of Government Securities.

Money continues very plentiful; and the minimum rate of the Bank of Bombay remains at 3 per cent.

EXCHANGE.—The Banks were closed last Friday and Saturday for the Parsee New Year holidays; and on Monday, this market re-opened with an appearance of firmness, as did also the Calcutta market; but the speculative element was again *en evidence*, and Merchants' Bills being again scarce locally (as they generally are at this time of the year) rates receded from 1s. 1 19-32d. for Bank Demand, at which a moderate amount was given early in the day; also at 1s. 1 19-32d. for forward Telegrahic; then at 1s. 1½d. Telegraphic and Demand, nearly and forward. For three months' sight Credits the opening rate named was 1s. 1 11-16d. for ready and forward delivery, at which nothing transpired, and, sympathetically, this class of Paper also receded to 1s. 1 5-8d. ready, and 1s. 1 21-32d. forward, the market closing quiet. The feeling was quiet at opening on Tuesday, at 1s. 1 7-16d. Telegraphic and Demand, for Bank remittance, and at 1s. 1 19-32d. for three months' sight Credits, a little of the latter, for near delivery, having been placed at 1s. 1 9-16d. In the absence of enquiry for Bank remittance rates hardened a little for the same; but just before the close speculators again came into the market which closed weak. On Wednesday, the market opened steady at 1s. 1 15-32d., for Bank Telegraphic, and 1s. 1½d. Demand; and at 1s. 1 19-32d. for three months' sight Credits for September-October delivery; 1s. 1 5-8d. for November-December; and 1s. 1 21-32d. for next year. Cables coming firmer rates for Telegraphic, rates here followed suit. 1s. 1½d. having been done for ready Telegraphic, and 1s. 1 17-32d. for December-January transfer, to a moderate extent. There were no Mercantile Bills offering, however, and the Calcutta market being closed in the afternoon we left off weaker again here. Yesterday, on receipt by wire of news of the poor allotments of Council Bills this week, the market opened weaker at 1s. 1 13-32d. for Bank Telegraphic, and 1s. 1 7-16d. for Demand, and at 1s. 1 17-32d. for three months' sight Credits; but a fair enquiry having been early afoot for Bank Paper, legitimate and otherwise, rates generally receded to 1s. 1 3-8d. for Telegraphic and Demand, and to 1s. 1½d. for Credits, at all which rates business was reported, three months' sight Bills at the same time being taken into next year also. Thereafter resales offering in this market at 1s. 1 7-16d., rates again steadied a little, say to 1s. 1 13-32d. for ready Demand, and the same for forward Telegraphic, the Credit rate remaining unchanged. The market closed steady at the following rates, which are the final ones for the mail, the Banks having been closed to-day for another Parsi holiday:—

Bank Bills on Demand	1s. 1 13-32d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 1 3/8d.	"
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 1 7-16d.	"
Do. 4 "	1s. 1 15-32d.	"
Do. 6 "	1s. 1½d.	"
Credits 3 "	1s. 1½d.	"
Do. 6 "	1s. 1 9-16d.	"
Documents 3 "	1s. 1 17-32d.	"
Do. 6 "	1s. 1 19-32d.	"
Francs 3 "	1-42	"
Do. 6 "	1-42½	"

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—This market was closed on the two last days of last week for the holidays; and on re-opening on Monday 3½ per Cents were quoted at 103½ for cash, and 103 for the 1st October settlement; but the rate afterwards advanced to 103 3-8 in both positions, at which it remained steady to the close. Fours were quoted nominally, at 103. On Tuesday, the market opened at 103 5-16 for 3½ per Cents, for Money, and 103¼ for the 1st October Account 103 1-16 having been quoted for the following settlement; and rates soon advanced to 103 3-8 both for cash and the coming Account, leaving off on the same level; and with Fours quoted at 103, nominal. On Wednesday the market was firm, and rates for 3½ per Cents, which opened at the enhanced quotations of 103 5-8 for Money, and 103¼ for Account, advanced to 103⅞ in both positions, at which also they closed, 102½ having been nominally quoted for Fours. Yesterday the market was quiet and weak, and rates for 3½ per Cents declined from 1-8 to 5-16 per cent. from the opening quotations, say to 103 5-8 for Money and the near Account, and 103 3-8 for November; but towards the close, a recovery of 1-8 per cent. from the reduced rates took place, and was maintained thereto. 103, nominal, was quoted for Fours.

Municipal 5 per cent. Loan is 2 per cent. lower, at 125. Port Trust Bonds have advanced ¼ per cent., to 108.

SHARES.—This market has been closed on several days since the date of our last report for holidays; but when it has been open a fair amount of business has passed in the principal lines of Cotton Mill and Press shares at prices which have continued to favour sellers in almost every case. Compared with our quotations of last Thursday evening, we now report an advance of Rs. 55 in Khatao Mucunji Mill shares; of Rs. 40 in New Great Eastern; of Rs. 35 in David; of Rs. 30 in Jivraj Balloo; of Rs. 25 in Morarji Gokaldas; of Rs. 15 each in Alliance, Indian Manufacturing, Presidency, and Southern Mahratta; of Rs. 10 each in Maneckjee Petit, Imperial, and Bombay Cotton Manufacturing; and of Rs. 5 each in Britannia, Hindustan, and Madras United; and of Rs. 2½ in Colaba Land and Mill; shares while Sholapore have declined Rs. 10. In Press East Indian have advanced Rs. 50; Sind and Punjab, and Volkarts, Rs. 40 each; Mercantile, and New Berar, Rs. 10 each; and New Indian, Rs. 2½; Prince of Wales having declined Rs. 10 per share. Bank [of Bombay share have declined Rs. 3½ during the week.

IMPORTS.

PIECE-GOODS.—In consequence of difficulties in the way of cart and road traffic, the result of the late monsoon floods in several important centres of distribution, up-country buyers of staple *Grey Goods* are still operating to a very limited extent, and, stocks are slowly increasing, though prices remain on about last week's level. In *Bleached, Dyed, Turkey Red, and Printed* Goods there has been no change of any importance during the week under notice. Although there is no improvement in the demand for *Locally-made* Goods, the market is very firm in consequence of the smallness of supplies. The stock is believed to hardly amount to 10,000 bales as compared with 40 to 50,000 bales usual at this time of the year. The Clearances during the week of *Imported* Goods are estimated at about 3,300 packages; and of *Local* at some 2,000 bales.

YARNS.—The market for *Imported Twist* has been quiet with business upon a moderate scale; but prices are all unchanged. China has this week taken up few lots of *Local Spinnings* of importance; but Calcutta has come forward as a buyer, and has bought a few large lots, the demand running on Nos. 21s and 22s Spinners are selling freely at last week's reduced rates; but the market closed dull, at the following official quotations, the week's clearances being put down at about 5,000 bales.

Twist	No. 6s	Mule,	As. 4¼	to	4 5/8	per l. b
"	" 8s	"	" 4¾	"	4¾	"
"	" 10s	"	" 4 7/8	"	5¼	"
"	" 12s	"	" 5	"	5¼	"
"	" 16s	"	" 5 5/8	"	5¾	"
"	" 20s	"	" 5 7/8	"	6 3-16	"
"	" 24s	"	" 6 3/8			"
"	" 30s	"	" 7	"	7¼	"
"	" 40s	"	" 8¼	"	8½	"

METALS.—A moderate business has transpired both in *Copper* and *Yellow Metal*, on the basis of previous rates, both markets having been steady in tone. *Iron* also has been steady at last week's quotations for all descriptions with only a moderate enquiry.

COAL.—The market for this mineral has become quieter, and ready Coal is offering much cheaper than forward lots. Sellers forward are asking Rs. 17¼ for *Powell's Duffryn Cardiff*, and Rs. 17 per ton for *Dowson's West Hartley*. We quote Rs. per ton

Alongside:—

Welsh Hartley	Rs.	per ton
West do.	" 17	"
Australian	" *Nil.*	"
Powell's Duffryn	" 17¼	"
Cardiff	" 17	"
Japan	" *Nil.*	"

EXPORTS.

COTTON.—In view of the heavy receipts of the new crop at the American ports, this staple seems likely to become more or less a drug in the markets of the world; and though, with the large proportion of the East Indian crop taken for local consumption we are not affected by the course of the ruling markets so much as in former years, these have still an influence on prices here; and during the past week this market has been dull, with rates declining daily in sympathy with the advices from New York and Liverpool. Beyond a few contracts for the purchase of new Oomrawatee, Broach, and Bhownugger, for delivery in January-March, and April, next year, respectively, no business to speak of has been done by exporters during the past week; and the Mills have taken only some 1,500 bales of old Oomra and Dhollera-Bhownugger descriptions, and Bengal. This evening the market closed dull with prices Rs. 8 to Rs. 9 per candy than they were a week ago.

The prospects of the Cotton crop in the Bengal circle were improved by the absence of further rain in the Agra and Delhi districts, and the lightness of the fall at Cawnpore and Beawar, since the middle of last week. The official telegrams to hand on Monday morning also reported the need of fine weather in the Oomra circle, where the plants were generally flourishing, and in flower, and showing bolls in several districts, hardly any damage being expected in those where the rainfall had been exceptionally heavy. A further fall of some 6½ inches had been registered at Broach; but when this morning's message was sent off it looked like clearing up, and the crop was still flourishing, though a break in the weather was needed for its further satisfactory growth. There had also been pretty heavy rain in several districts of the Dhollera circle, and the plants were slightly damaged at Dholleria itself; and there, as well as in the Bhownugger district the plants required fine weather. At Hubli, in the Dhollera circle, no further rain to speak of had fallen, and it was still much needed.

The official telegrams received from the districts yesterday morning reported seasonable weather throughout the Bengal Cotton circle, and stated that only slight damage was expected in the Beawar district owing to the recent rain; though at Cawnpore the picking of the crop is likely to be delayed from the same cause, as it is also at Dhulia, in the Oomra circle. An inch and a half more rain had been registered at Broach; but yesterday the weather had become bright, and the Cotton plants could scarcely look better than they did. In the Dhollera circle, the weather generally was seasonable, and the crop was flourishing.

The following are to-day's quotations for full-pressed Cotton with the equivalents in sterling cost, and freight to Liverpool, via Canal, without commission, viz.:—

Cotton—	Per lb. Per candy.—C. & F. Rs.	
Bengal Fine	Rs. 157—2 2-32d.	
Do. F. G.	" 144—2½	
Do. Good	" 134—2 11-32d.	
Behares, Fine	" 170—2 25-32d.	
Do. Fully Good	" 160—2 25-32d.	
Khandeish, Fully Good,	" 163—2 13-16d.	
Do. Good	" 153—2 15-32d.	
Oomra F. Good	" 171—2 31-32d.	
Do. Good	" 161—2 25-32d.	
Dhollera, Fine	" 181—3 3-16d.	
Do. F. G.	" 170—2 15-16d.	
Do. Good	" 162—2 13-16d.	
S G Dharwar, Good	" 173—3d.	
Westerns	" 167—2 29-32d.	

The movements of Cotton to date show the following comparison with the previous two years:—

Receipts.	1894. Bales.	1893. Bales.	1892. Bales.
For 8 days	3,135	5,229	2,181
From 1st January to 20th Sept	1,532,105	1,510,987	1,610,130
Clearances to Great Britain and Continent.			
For 8 days	3,859	6,931	3,472
From 1st January to 20th Sept	771,374	754,3.8	892,667
Clearances to Calcutta, China, &c.			
For 8 days	3,213	1,492	2,695
From 1st January to 20th Sept	111,631	138,477	141,693

WHEAT.—The feeling in this market has been dull throughout the week, and at its commencement, the price of *Pessy* declined one anna per cwt.; but latterly, though there has been no improvement in the tone of the market, and no increase in the small volume of export business passing, *Delhi* and *Yellow* have advanced 4 to 1 anna per cwt., our quotations now standing as follows:—

White Pessy, 91 per cent	Rs.	3	15	0 per cwt.
Do. 85	"	3	14	0 "
No. 1 Club Delhi	"	3	10	6 "
Red Delhi	"	3	5	0 "
Hard Yellow	"	3	9	0 "
Red Ahmedabad	"	3	7	0 "
Hard Red	"	3	6	0 "

SEEDS were dull in tone, with a small business passing at the end of last week; and rates for *Linseed* receded 1¼ anna per cwt.; but since then a moderate export business has been done in a generally steady market, and the previous decline in *Linseed* has been recovered. We quote this evening:—

Linseed	Rs. 7-14-0	to Rs. 8-0-0	per cwt.	
Rapeseed, Yellow Gusorat	" 6-6-0		"	
Do. do. Cawnpore	" 6-2-0	to " 6-4-0	"	
Do. Red do.	" 5-14-0	to " 6-2-0	"	

The Comparative Imports of Wheat and Seeds are as follows:—

	1894. cwts.	1893. cwts.	1892. cwts.
Wheat for 8 days	45,954	71,616	59,218
Do. from 1st Jan. to 20th September	2,847,404	5,708,533	8,877,751
Linseed for 8 days	6,880	23,550	15,014
Do. from 1st Jan. to 20th September	5,087,614	3,871,534	3,475,300
Rapeseed for 8 days	11,772	32,662	39,270
Do. from 1st Jan. to 20th September	3,283,488	4,093,627	1,375,798
Gingeliyseed for 8 days	2,744	810	2,139
Do. from 1st Jan. to 20th September	754,037	945,350	862,558

The Clearances of Wheat and Seeds to Great Britain and the Continent are as follows:—

	1894. cwts.	1893. cwts.	1892. cwts.
Wheat for 8 days	13,244	128,460	253,800
Do. from 1st Jan. to 20th September	1,515,612	4,354,238	8,395,576
Linseed for 8 days	45,016	68,217	49,521
Do. from 1st Jan. to 20th September	5,009,410	3,691,593	3,389,470
Rapeseed for 8 days	23,527	48,660	106,504
Do. from 1st Jan. to 20th September	3,040,689	3,802,096	1,193,464
Gingeliyseed for 8 days		5,857	
Do. from 1st Jan. to 20th September	891,498	1,130,552	946,008

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS
LONDON, SEPT. 20.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed quiet. Surats dull.

Good Dhollera 2 7/8

The Manchester market has been quiet.

2½ per cent. Consols 102¼
3 per cent. Rentes ..... 103 ex.
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan 110¼
4 per cent. Rupee Paper 98
Bar Silver 29¼

The sum of about £175,000 has been withdrawn from the Bank of England.

The Bank of England returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—Total bullion £39,690,000, decrease, £300,000; public deposits, £4,400,000, increase, £490,000; other deposits, £39,400,000, decrease, £500,000; other securities, £19,700,000, increase, £100,000; notes and gold, £31,100,000, unchanged. The Bank's reserve is 71 per cent. of the liabilities.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

PORT SAID, SEPT. 20.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Goorkha left here this morning.

SUEZ, SEPT. 20.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Dunera left here this morning.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Macpherson left here, for Colombo, Madras, and Calcutta, this morning.

PLYMOUTH, SEPT. 20.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Australia arrived here this morning.

LIVERPOOL, SEPT. 20.

The City Line steamer City of Agra left here, for Bombay, this afternoon.

SINGAPORE, SEPT. 21.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Malacca arrived here this morning, from Bombay.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

(Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

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TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE CHINO-JAPANESE WAR.

THE RUSSIAN PRESS ON THE JAPANESE VICTORIES.

EUROPEAN INTERVENTION SUGGESTED.

ST. PETERSBURG, SEPT. 20.

The Russian newspapers, in commenting upon the news received from the seat of war in the Far East, declare that the Japanese victories do not alter, in any way, Russia's resolution not to permit any annexation of Korean territory, and suggest that the time has come for Europe to intervene in the struggle.

THE NAVAL BATTLE.

JAPANESE OFFICIAL ACCOUNT.

TOKIO, SEPT. 20.

According to the Japanese official despatch the Chinese fleet at the battle fought at the mouth of the Yu-lu River comprised eleven men-of-war and six torpedo-boats.

Four Chinese men-of-war were sunk and one burned by the Japanese during the engagement.

The Japanese squadron did not lose a single vessel.

LIST OF CHINESE VESSELS LOST.

SHANGHAI, SEPT. 21.

The following Chinese vessels were lost during the naval battle at the mouth of the Yu-lu River.

The Yang Wei, double screw, steel-armoured cruiser, 6 guns, 12 smaller ones, 4 torpedo-tubes, 1,350 tons, 2,400 horse-power could steam 16 knots, built by Armstrong.

The Chih Yuen, double screw, steel cruiser, 5 guns, 10 smaller ones, 4 torpedo-tubes, 2,300 tons, 2,800 horse-power could steam 15 knots, built by Armstrong.

The Chao Yung, double screw, steel-armoured cruiser, 6 guns, 12 smaller ones, 4 torpedo tubes, 1,350 tons, 2,400 horse-power, could steam 16 knots, built by Armstrong.

The King Yuen, double screw, armoured cruiser, 4 guns, 7 smaller ones, 4 torpedo tubes, 2,000 tons 5,700 horse-power, could steam 16½ knots, built in Stettin.

THE FIGHTING.

Both the Japanese and the Chinese fought with a ferocious courage.

THE SINKING OF THE CHIH YUEN.

The cruiser Chih Yuen went down with all hands.

THE JAPANESE TORPEDOES.

The Japanese used their torpedoes most effectively.

THE CHINESE OFFICIAL ACCOUNT WANTING.

No Chinese official account of the naval battle has yet been issued.

THE MAILS.

SUEZ, SEPT. 20.

The P. and O. Company's s.s. Sutlej, with the outward English mails of the 14th instant, left here, at 10 p.m., to-day.

THE SUBORDINATE FOREST SERVICE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 21.

The replies of the Local Governments, regarding the necessity of re-organizing the subordinate forest service, have been received; and the replies together with the Government of India's remarks on the proposal will be sent at once to the Secretary of State for decision.

STEAM-SHIP ENGINEERS' CERTIFICATE BILL.

A Bill to validate certificates for engineers on steam-ships has been submitted to the Government of Bombay for their opinion, and when a reply is received the Bill will be at once passed by the Viceroy's Council in Simla.

RATE OF EXCHANGE BETWEEN ENGLAND AND INDIA.

The rate of exchange for the adjustment of financial transactions between England and India and for the issue pay to British troops during the quarter ending 31st December, has been fixed at 1s. 1.32d. the rupee.

THE WAZIRIS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, SEPT. 21.

It is reported that the Abdul Rahman section of the Waziris have agreed to make a formal submission.

THE KHYBER-ASMAR DELIMITATION COMMISSION.

No conclusions have yet been arrived at between the Government of India and the Amir in the matter of the Khyber-Asmar delimitation proceedings. Mr. Udny is still in Simla, and until all preliminaries have been settled, the demarcation camp will not be formed at Jellalabad.

THE MANAGEMENT OF RELIGIOUS ENDOWMENTS.

The *Pioneer*, commenting upon the Government of India's pronouncement upon the question of religious endowments, says: "The legislation proposed by the Government of Madras cannot be sanctioned. It is well to see this insidious suggestion extinguished so decisively at the outset. We do not suppose it was brought forward with an express idea of embroiling the Government with all that is strongest in Hindu sentiments; but whatever the nature, it was admirably adapted to that effect. We should like to see the Hindu Luthers and Knoxes doing a little work on their own account instead of asking Government to bear the odium of reforms, which are their own proper business."

MILITARY REVIEW AT POONA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, SEPT. 21.

His Excellency the Governor reviewed the whole of the troops in garrison, this morning, on the general parade-ground. The troops under the command of Colonel Westmacott also attended. The district staff troops consisted of L Battery, Royal Horse Artillery, 27th, 36th, and 72nd Field Batteries Royal Artillery—all being under Colonel Broadfoot—2nd Lancers, and the Bombay Sappers and Miners. These troops formed the second line, the first line being made up of the infantry divided into two brigades; the first, commanded by Colonel Grant, consisting of the King's Own Yorkshire Light Infantry, the Volunteers, 2nd Grenadiers, and 28th Pioneers. The second brigade, commanded by Colonel Seppings, consisted of the Leinster Regiment, 4th Rifles, and 25th Rifles. The Governor, accompanied by the Commander-in-Chief and a large staff, arrived at 7-30, a.m., and received a salute of seventeen guns. His Excellency rode down the line, and inspected the troops, after which the troops marched, the infantry column, double companies, then *en masse*, finally, the artillery quarter column; the Artillery and Cavalry went past in a walk trot, the Royal Horse Artillery and Cavalry finally galloping past.

BOMBAY ARMY ORDERS.

H. E. the Commander-in-Chief has been pleased to make the following appointments:—

1st Bombay Grenadiers.—Captain Swann, 2nd-in-Command, 8th Bombay Infantry, to be 2nd-in-Command, seconded, vice Major Aslett.

8th Bombay Infantry—Major Aslett, 2nd-in-Command, 1st Grenadiers, to be Commandant, vice Colonel Morse, who has vacated the command.

Captain Sandwith, Wing Commander to be 2nd-in-Command, vice Captain Swann; and Captain Errington, Wing Officer, 1st Bombay Infantry, to be Wing Commander, vice Captain Sandwith.

Lieutenant Carter to be Adjutant with effect from 8th December, 1893, vice Lieutenant Betham, vacated.

The undermentioned Officer has been granted leave of absence by his Royal Highness the Commander-in-Chief:—2nd Gloucestershire Regiment—Captain Baxter, to remain in England, pending the arrival home of his battalion, in extension.

The undermentioned Officers have been granted leave of absence:—1st Royal Fusiliers—Major Briggs and Lieutenant Scoones, to England, for twelve months each, on private affairs. Gloucestershire Regiment—Captain Capel Cure, to England, for six months, on medical certificate. Army Educational Department—Captain Chapman, Superintendent Army Schools, on privilege leave, for sixty days, to England, from the date of his availing himself of the same. Royal Artillery—Lieutenant Mathews, No. 6 Company Western Divisions, to remain in England, from the 17th October until the arrival of his company in that country, in extension.

CRICKET: BOMBAY GYMKHANA VS. POONA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, SEPT. 21.

Bombay did not make a very good show to-day, several of the best men being absent. Wilkins and Stockdale played up well for Poona, and saved the game for their side. Play will be resumed to-morrow:—

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

1st Innings.

Capt S C Smith, c Poore, b Stockdale	18
Surg-Major Burroughs, st Sprott, b Poore	5
Greig, c Cates, b Stockdale	0
Macbeth, b Stockdale	11
Brooke, b Deas	6
Wright, c Deas, b Stockdale	0
Dunk, b Stockdale	8
Heyden, b Deas	4
Creagh, not out	0
Beaumont, b Stockdale	1
Extras	12
Total	94

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	B.	R.	M.	W.
Deas	80	25	5	2
Poore	75	33	2	1
Stockdale	117	55	15	7

POONA GYMKHANA.

1st Innings.

Poore, c Stephens, b Greig	3
Trask, b Beaumont	1
Wilkins, c and b Wright	38
Sprott, b-b-w Greig	9
Dr Martin, c Greig, b Heydon	4
Cox, b Wright	9
Cates, b Macbeth	4
Unborne, run out	13
Deas, c Greig, b Wright	40
Stockdale, not out	27
Extras	5
Total	161

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	B	R	M	W
Greig	71	39	4	2
Beaumont	70	32	5	1
Heydon	55	29	1	1
Wright	54	25	1	3
Macbeth	95	40	7	2

GAZETTE OF INDIA NOTIFICATIONS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 21.

Captain Onslow has been appointed Assistant Judge Advocate-General, vice Lieutenant-Colonel Sheppard.

Ordnance Department—Captain M. Walker's tenure of appointment has been extended for five years.

The following admissions to the Staff Corps have been notified:—F. Thomas, L. Fox, H. Jackson, Alick Smith, and H. Hill.

The following promotions have been notified:—Staff Corps—To be Lieutenant-Colonel—Major H. Hay.

To be Majors—Captains C. Westmorland, S. Gordon, J. Preston, F. Hawkins, H. Picot, W. Birdwood, Marshall, and Faithful.

The following admissions to Colonel's allowance are notified:—Carrie, Bird, and M. Tweedie.

It is notified that the Indian Harbour Defence vessels will be hereafter designated "Her Majesty's Ships and Vessels for the Naval Defence of India."

The services of Lieutenant-Colonel F. Jackson, Assistant to the Governor-General's Agent in Baroda, are, on return from furlough, replaced at the disposal of the Bombay Government.

Veterinary Lieutenant E. Larnder, appointed to the Civil Veterinary Department, is posted to the Bombay Presidency.

WESTERN INDIA FINE ARTS EXHIBITION.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, SEPT. 21.

The twenty-first annual exhibition of the above Society was opened, this afternoon, by his Excellency Lord Harris, in the presence of a large and fashionable gathering, including his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief and Mrs. Nairne, the Hon. Mr. Birdwood, the Hon. Mr. Crowe, the Hon. Mr. Tower, Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy, Colonel Westmacott, &c.

The Hon. Mr. Birdwood, in asking his Excellency to open the exhibition, said that the exhibition had maintained a fairly high level of merit this year. He thanked all those who had come forward to help, and referred to the sad death of Colonel Hutchinson. He thanked the hanging committee and the judges for the interest they had taken, and asked his Excellency to declare the exhibition open.

His Excellency, in opening the exhibition said, that it was the ninth occasion, on which he was asked to open the Fine Arts Exhibition in this Presidency. He narrated an amusing incident connected with his old friend and colleague in the matter of speech-making, and as he thought many hearers have heard him on a similar subject, he endorsed all that the Hon'ble Mr. Birdwood said in commendation of those who had worked so hard to make the exhibition a success. He cordially agreed with all what the Hon'ble Mr. Birdwood said. In reference to Colonel Hutchinson, whose tragic death had struck grief into the hearts of all who knew him, in Poona, he agreed that Colonel Hutchinson's influence during the past years had done much to stir up those who have succeeded him to produce this exhibition. He had made speeches on art subjects before in which he had, perhaps, faintly condemned exhibitions and based his argument on the ground that without an incentive to earning a livelihood there was little chance of much improvement in art, but he saw now that without these exhibitions the rising generations of the natives, who have aspirations to become artists, have very limited opportunity of seeing good examples of pictorial art. In opening the Bombay Exhibition he pointed out that the art school had turned out young men who were earning a good pecuniary return for the various professions dependent on artists' training. There is, no doubt, a great deal of good is being done by the exhibition as it enables the natives to improve their ideas. Wishing this and the sister exhibitions of Bombay every success he declared the exhibition open.

At the conclusion of this speech the company present proceeded to inspect the pictures. The exhibition this year contains some excellent pictures by professionals. The remarkable picture of his Highness the Raja of Kolhapore, by Mr. L. Fleishmann, was universally admired, as one of the best productions of that talented artist. Some absolutely faultless photographs and enlargements by Mr. J. Harnes, of Poona, attracted great notice. The following is the list of prizes awarded:—

H. E. the Governor's Prize.—For the best original picture in the exhibition by an amateur artist (open to any class of subject and any medium), No. 124, "Subedar-Major Thadki Bahadur," Mrs. Bernard.

H. E. Lady Harris' Prize.—For the best landscape in water-colours, Indian subject, No. 220, "A Devonshire Brook," Captain Bythell; Nos. 221-230. "Shipping on the Hoogly," Captain Bythell.

H. E. the Commander-in-Chief's Prizes.—For the best landscape, in oils or water-colours by an officer of the army serving in the Bombay Presidency, No. 12, "Old Cod Creek;" No. 25, "Study of Palms at Sunrise," water-colours, Major H. H. Hart, R.E. For the best drawing by a private soldier of the artillery, cavalry, or infantry serving with European troops, Bombay Army, No. 86, "Lieut.-General, Sir E. Wood," (crayon) Pte. Aitken. For Infantry serving with Native troops, Bombay Army, no competition.

Major-General R. B. H. Blundell's Prize.—For the best landscape in oils, Indian subject, No. 146, "The Guard Room, Bijapur," Mrs. Kitchener.

The Hon'ble Mr. Birdwood's Prize.—For the best original flower painting in water-colours, No. 175, "Bengal Lichis;" No. 180, "Black Forest Blackberries," H. G. Sanford.

The Hon'ble Mr. Trevor's Prize.—For the best figure painting in water-colours, No. 140, "Two Burmese Servants," Colonel Woodthorpe.

The Hon'ble Mr. G. W. Vidal's Prize.—For the best original flower painting in oils, No. 133, "Nasturtium;" No. 136, Roses, Mrs. Bruce.

Mr. E. C. Ozanne's Prize.—For the best figure painting in oils, No. 120, "Bramble Gatherers, Pontauk," Mrs. Bruce; No. 137, "Daughters of Toil;" No. 138' Builders of Kodaiket, Mrs. Bruce.

H. H. the Gaekwar of Baroda's Prize.—For the best copy in oils, water-colours of chalk from a painting, engraving or photograph, No. 60, "The Pets," B.D. Padamjee. For the best photograph (figure or group), No. 70, "Snake Charmers," Mr. A. F. Crommelin. For the best specimen of Indian carving in wood, not awarded. For the best specimen of Indian metal work, not awarded. For the best specimen of Indian gold or silver work, not awarded.

The Hon'ble Mr. W. H. Crowe's Prize.—For the best picture of animal life in oils or water-colours, No. 13, "Vic" Dog, Mrs. Macpherson.

The Hon'ble Khan Bahadur Dorabjee Padamjee's Prize.—For the best picture in oils or water-colours by a native of India, professional or amateur No. 45, "Erwad Shapurjee," M. F. Pithawalla (oils). For the second best picture in oils or water-colours by a native of India, professional or amateur, No. 22. (oils) "Best study of a Head," Mr. Pomanjee Pestonjee.

H. H. The Aga Khan's Prizes.—For the best set of four photographs, viz., four portraits, entirely the work of exhibitors (open to professionals and amateurs, limited in India), Lt. Fraser for Nos. 8, 10, 13 and 49. For the best set of four photographs, viz., four landscapes entirely the work of exhibitors (open to amateurs wherever trained), Mr. G. W. Vidal for Nos. 40, 44, 47, and 61.

Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy's Prizes.—For the best pair of landscape sketches in oils, *bona fide* from nature, size not less than 8 inches by 12 inches, No. 11, "The Saddle Back, Mahableshwar;" No. 14, "View from Woodlands, Mahableshwar," No. 16 "View from Woodlands, Mahableshwar;" No. 17, "View from Malabar Hill, Bombay," Mrs. G. W. Vidal. For the best pair of landscape sketches in water-colours *bona fide* from nature, size not less than 8 inches by 12 inches, No. 122, "The Mastung Well, Beluchistan;" No. 126, "Two's Company, Three's None," Major Temple.

Mr. W. Perteous' Prizes.—For the best painting from still life, fruits, flower, game, &c., No. 10, "Indian fruit," M. F. Pithawalla.

Surgeon-Major Addison's Prize.—For the best painting in water-colours, marine subject, No. 69, "Morning, Tanjore Coast," Colonel Salmon.

Mr. T. D. Pry's prize.—For the best sketch in oils by a lady, No. 117, "On the Yelwardi River," Mrs. LeQuesne.

Mr. H. Beale's Prize—For the best original picture by a boy or girl (under seventeen years of age), open to any class of subject and any medium, No. 35, (oils) "View of Doon," Miss G. Stokes.

WOMEN'S AFFAIRS.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, AUG. 30.

The Paris *Figaro* publishes under the title of "Filles-Garcons" girl-boys, an interesting article on the management of the Orphanage of Compuis, near Beauvais, which, on account of the system of co-education of the boys and girls there, has been the subject of much discussion lately. As carried on in America co-education—the mixture of young people of both sexes indiscriminately in the college lecture halls or play-grounds—has been approved by a consensus of the opinion of the various people brought up under that system. Not only that, but the greater number of the women who were co-educated, and now have sons and daughters of their own to educate are showing their approval practically, by bringing the young generation up on similar lines, that is, giving their daughters the same training, both mental and physical, at the same college as their sons.

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But co-education at Compius differs from the American system, inasmuch as it begins at the very beginning—the baby boys and girls of different families being gathered into one big home like brothers and sisters taught to work and play together. The establishment, founded by M. Prevost, a great agriculturist in 1880, is, since his death, under the management of M. Robin, described as a fine looking man with the head of a philosopher and the beard of an evangelist, assisted by his voluntary collaborator, M. Delon, known by his works on philosophy, who came to the place out of curiosity, and remained for love. To M. Delon, as well as to M. Robin, the scandal and gossip which the working of the school has given rise is a sore subject; and they willingly gave the *Figaro* reporter an insight into the management of the scheme in order to refute the calumnies with which they have been assailed by the enemies of co-education as well as by those of lay education, for it goes without saying that the school programme is carried out entirely on secularist principles.

***

They have their own little devotional practices, these secular philosophic up-bringers of the girl-boy. The first place to which the *Figaro* envoy was conducted was the tomb of M. Prevost, the founder, which is to them as a Lourdes or a shrine of Charles the Martyr. M. Prevost was a great lover of billiards during life. In death he reposes under the billiard-room, and his followers venerate his memory, not by lighted candles or wreaths inscribed with splendid sentiments, but by the rattle of cues and the cannoning of billiard balls.

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This pious visit concluded, M. Robin conducted his guest to an open space in the grounds where the pupils, whose ages varied from four to sixteen years, were assembled. There while the little ones squatted on the grass, the elders performed a selection from *L'Africaine*—the trambone solos being played by a pretty fair girl, the cornet, a piston, by a brunette resembling Mdle. Marcus of the Comedie-Francaise. "I teach instrumental band music to our girls for various reasons," said M. Robin. In the first place, because I do not wish to separate them from the boys in an exercise which is generally the most agreeable to children. Then wind instruments have the advantage of developing the lungs and the chest. My pupils do not wear corsets, and have no need of them.

***

The uniform of the school is much the same for boys and girls. It consists of a blouse or linen frock of blue linen for every day—on holidays of trousers and jacket of black stuff. But over the trousers the girls wear a little skirt, which they remove for gymnastics, or riding the bicycle. Everything uniform, seats, tables, pianos, cycles, instruments, are made on the premises. It is a little industrial village, in fact, capable of supplying its own wants and independent of the outside world. From four to thirteen years of age the children all learn the various arts and sciences—giving only a quarter-of-an-hour to each lesson. At thirteen each chooses a speciality in art, science, trade—and devotes himself or herself altogether to it—girls and boys working together in the studios and workshops—not free from supervision but little hampered by rules and restrictions. "Rules should be guides not chains" is a favourite maxim of the managers.

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There are no corporal punishments. The naughty child is made to read the catechism of the house and meditate on her fault. Her recreation is curtailed—she is not allowed to play in the band, to cycle, to model, or to draw—she has to work. If the fault is a grave one, likely to demoralize the other pupils, the student is expelled immediately. There have been a couple of such cases.

***

Since 1880 when the house was founded there have been ten marriages between children of this great family. About four months ago Mdlle. Robin, daughter of the principal, and teacher of drawing, married an old student, now professor of music. It has not been found that in most cases propinquity is the cause of love. Nor does it seem to be so at Compuis. In answer to an enquiry as to what age she was when she began to fancy her husband, she replied "I don't know. When we were little we played together. All I know is that I enjoyed playing with him more than with the others. Sometimes however he was unkind enough to me. At sixteen he left the school. Then after some time he came back to see my father. He had grown tall, and then I felt I had always loved him and would never love any one but him."

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As for the housing of the pupils M. Robin, out of respect for traditions, has the dormitories of girls and boys in separate buildings. But they have the same swiming bath—the bathers, as at Dieppe or Tronville, wearing costumes. "But you undress altogether don't you?" asked the inquisitive reporter of a young girl. "Oh monsieur!" she replied, shocked as a young nun—the fact being that these girl-boys are brought up as modestly as any other children—the only difference being that instead of such teaching being confined to the girls, both sexes are co-educated in discretion.

***

In fine, the school system at Compuis, is apparently as satisfactory under the present management as any by the older ones. It may be more satisfactory—the boys may be better boys and the girls more self-reliant helpful girls from association with each other. But it is too soon to judge. One thing is certain—the teaching would want to be thoroughly sound and high principled—for it is their sole guide—they have no god or no religion.

***

St. Hugh's Hall, Oxford, is being brought more into line with Somerville and Lady Margaret Hall as to lectures and tuitions. It has the advantage of them already in one way: that is, it gives equal privileges and rights for a much smaller outlay. The cost of living at St. Hugh's Hall is very much lighter than other halls, as it was founded for the benefit of the daughters of the clergy. But it is not strictly limited to young church-women. Among the fifty-six students who have been in residence since its establishment, twenty have been lay-women or the children of lay-papas, who in many cases were quite as much in need of cheap education.

***

When equality with our brethren means good berths in business, prizes at universities, Legion of Honour or Victoria Crosses, then equality is sweet and desirable. But when equality of the sexes results in the poor female politician being sentenced with her brother offenders to a term of ten months' imprisonment, it is bitter and unbearable. This is what is taught by the tragic finish to the career of Miss Agnes Wabnitz, a lady socialist, whose writings are well-known in Germany. On the eve of her proposed arrest, Miss Wabnitz was found dead upon the grave of some of the revolutionists killed in the rising of March 1848, having evidently taken poison to escape imprisonment.

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One of the products of this remarkably, inventive age is a "shocking" disease which converts a telegraphic operator into an electric barometer. A young lady employe of a telephone company in Berlin is now under treatment for an injury from electric shock, the result of which is that she can foretell the approach of a storm with certainty from the convulsions or nervous twitches with which she is affected. When the atmosphere is disturbed, her limbs are in constant motion—three hundred twitches a minute being often registered—her head and body jerking at the same time spasmodically. Young women who are anxious to secure independence at any cost, should in face of such an example, ask themselves is the game of independence "worth the candle."

***

The *Sketch* describes a curious wedding, which was carried out at Christ Church, New Zealand. The bride, Miss Kate Walker, a member of the New Zealand Dress Reform Association, showed her earnestness in the cause of the biped woman by being married in knickerbockers. At the same time she showed a weakness for purely feminine frivolities in the style of her garments. Her costume was of blue bengaline, a kind of fine poplin, with *revers* of white silk embroidered in gold. She did not wear gloves, but she had a pretty wreath of jessamine and a long tulle veil thrown back over her shoulders—looking no doubt a fascinating kind of houri without the conventional langour. The bridesmaid's costume of the same style was of cream silk and another lady was in jacket and knickers of brown cashmere, beautifully braided—the gentlemen of the company being dressed *en suite* in knee breaches or knickerbocker costumes.

THE recantation of the convicted Anarchist, Salvador Franch, ought to be read with attention by other persons afflicted with the ideas which have brought Franch to the scaffold. It has a genuine ring about it which sounds as though it were the utterance of a convinced intelligence, and not the mere whinings of a murderer under sentence of death. The change is said to be due to the perusal of the works of the learned priest Balmes. We trust they will have a large circulation in every country, if they are able to produce such excellent results.

TABLE TALK.

[BY WALTER BESANT.]

LONDON, AUG. 31.

I RECEIVED a month ago a letter from Chicago which spoke of the "great increase of Buddhist opinions in America." I replied, asking for details or figures. My correspondent now writes: "It is not possible for me to procure as yet any detailed account of the prevalence and spread of Buddhism in America; but, given the facts that, after the closing of the Parliament of Religions, the Orientals continued to speak to large audiences, occupied many pulpits, and are still lecturing here; that they have been invited and have spoken in every large city of the country; that there are a number of periodicals now advocating their ideas; that individuals are continually encountered who are outspoken Buddhists, and many others are met whose conversation betrays the influence of Oriental thought, it appears that Buddhism is invading the minds of the people to a serious extent. I inclose a list of publications, well advertised and extensively read, which advocate Buddhist and kindred doctrines."

The list of publications is tolerably long; it comprises about a hundred and thirty works, chiefly tracts. For my own part I have read some of the Anglo-Buddhist literature without being in the least degree moved by the doctrines. I am so deeply prejudiced by age and early teaching that the central figure of the Buddhist religion seems to me incomparably lower than the central figure of our own. This, however, may be only an individual opinion. Apart from personal prejudice, one would ask why, for what reasons, the Americans, as a people, can be seriously, or to any appreciable extent, attracted by these doctrines? One can hardly believe that people who have any understanding of Christianity, even in its most narrow or most superstitious forms, can be attracted by Buddhism. Perhaps the movement, if it is serious, is a revolt against these narrow forms; or it is an indication of that strange unrest which troubles all people except those who sleep; or it is one more evidence of the burning desire of men, always breaking out in some new form, to lift the Veil. In all ages every False Prophet who pretends to lift the Veil is received with eagerness. I do not think, considering the history of religions, that there is anything easier than to found an entirely new one. Men will believe anybody who pretends to lift the Veil. For instance, we have seen the rise and the growth of Mormonism making its recruits in every part of the world—a religion absurd and far inferior to Buddhism. Therefore we may see strange things in America. Let us wait and watch and ask for more information.

The everlasting rains, the rains of August, continue; sometimes with mist and fog, sometimes without. The air is saturated with moisture; the wild flowers in the hedge droop under the heavy dews; the cattle stand melancholy, motionless, on the hillside. And out at sea, sometimes invisible, sometimes appearing for a few moments through the clouds, rises the Inaccessible. For three weeks have we been looking at it and longing for it. One day of calm to lay the angry sea; one day of sunshine to dry the air, and we might arise and attempt that Inaccessible. There are ruins on it—the ruins of an older and a forgotten race—cairns and mounds, and Pre-historic tombs. Around it fly still, as for the Pre-historics, the myriads of wild sea-birds; there are all kinds of marvels upon it—Nature's fancy work in rock and beach—but to me it is the Inaccessible. When one thinks, how many Inaccessible Islands are seen afar off during one's voyage! We should like to land and rest upon them—rest and feast, and make love, and have no trouble or anxiety. But then, you see, we cannot land upon them. The winds are contrary; the waves are high; so the voyage, perhaps in a crazy and ill-found ship, with weevilly biscuit and rusty pork, is continued, and the Inaccessible Island gradually sinks below the horizon and is forgotten. If we knew, before we started, how many such islands we should pass by, and yearn, and long for, and be unable to reach, we should, I think, decline to proceed any farther upon the voyage. But towards the end one forgets these disappointments; even the beauty of those green hills rising out of the waste of waters is forgotten, and the glamour of the cliffs and the far-off fragrance of the wild flowers borne to our longing senses upon the breeze.

The *Saturday Review* has changed hands. This fact is of greater general interest than might be at first suspected. The name of the Founder, the late Mr. A. B. Beresford Hope, has ceased, after five and thirty years, to be connected with the paper. Now the history of the *Saturday Review* belongs to the life of that very remarkable man. Early in life he formed in his mind a clearly defined resolution to do his best for the restoration of their ancient beauty to the English churches. We spoke, some weeks ago, of the society which in the Forties led off and was so successful in this direction. Beresford Hope joined it early, and was an enthusiast in the subject. One object of the *Saturday Review* was the establishment of an organ which should lead public opinion in this direction. Reverence for things ancient, the revival of the old consecration of things beautiful to religion, together with all the various branches arising out of this great subject, formed a great part of the *raison d'etre* of the *Saturday Review*. When we look about the country and see church after church, where, well cared for, or decorated with new carved work, careful over its old tombs and monuments, provided with painted windows, stripped of its ugly pews and common pulpits we may remember that the *Saturday Review*, or rather its founder, Beresford Hope, was largely the cause of this great movement. That it should bring with it ritual changes and extravagances in doctrine was inevitable. Every great change produces its zealots. At the same time the continued attacks made by the paper on the Evangelical party undoubtedly went far to destroy its influence. The *Saturday Review*, again, was intended to be a paper written wholly by scholars for the class able to appreciate and to understand their work. This, remember, was at a time when the journalistic profession was very far from occupying its present level. The writers, it must be confessed, did not disguise the fact that they regarded themselves as speaking with authority. They spoke from their lecture rooms; they spoke as men who expected to be heard. In social matters, for instance, they denounced enthusiasms and extravagances of every kind; when they could get hold of an impostor or an ass they did their very best to present that person in his true colours. Perhaps they were too ready to suspect enthusiasm, and were too hasty—at times—in laying on the colours. It is, however, a good thing to have the advocate of "sanity" always with us. The social articles for which many people took in the paper have been always readable and often masterly; they have been humorous, satirical, whimsical, and genial. Sometimes they have been needlessly cruel. In the same way its literary judgments have generally carried with them the weight which belongs to careful criticism, not hurried, by those who know the subjects on which they write. That these judgments were not always delivered in a kindly tone was partly due to the old traditions of criticising, and partly to the natural impatience of the lecturer over bad work; the old traditions were also, and too often, followed in the bad practice of selecting, solely for "slating," some poor inoffensive work, born only to die, doomed at the outset to the butterman, and too feeble to deserve even the passing glance of the critic, much less his scorn. I remember, for my own part, the early days of the *Saturday*, when the undergraduates used to take it in for reading on Sunday morning after breakfast—chapel, if you please, was before breakfast. It was read aloud and with joy. I should like to get a complete list of the contributors to the paper from the beginning to the present day. If it were published the world would be astonished to learn the number of men afterwards bishops, judges, administrators, &c., distinguished in the House of Lords and the House of Commons, historians, University professors; poets, novelists, and others known by their achievements; as well as those—such as country clergymen, country gentlemen, unknown barristers, and journalists content to be nameless—who have been on the staff of the *Saturday*. There is still plenty to be done by such a paper. I hope we shall always have with us a paper written altogether by scholars taking time for their work; a paper with a large staff, not allowed to fall into the hands of two or three, kindly and informing; never abusive, and only decisive on the rare occasion which calls for derision; well written, with the pleasantness which comes of sense and a sound judgment, and with the authority that belongs to the consciousness of possessing these admirable qualities. This is the kind of paper that the *Saturday Review* was intended to be. So long as it fulfils its founder's desire, let us wish the paper, under its new management, a long continuation of its old authority and prestige.

There was once an unfortunate stock-broker who, with the best and most benevolent intentions possible—he meant nothing more than the employment of his clients' capital for his own profit, and nothing less than the loss of it—managed to ruin a good many people altogether, and to inflict grievous injury and curtailment of income on a good many more. Under the circumstances he thought it advisable to change the scene. Now he had one daughter, a girl of ten; taking his child with him, he called upon one of his clients, whose means had formerly been ample, but were now, thanks to his operations, greatly restricted. "Madam," he said, "owing to circumstances over which I had no control, you have lost—say, if you will, I have lost for you—a large part of your fortune. I cannot restore this loss—for the present. What power of reparation the future may have in store I know not. Meantime, madam, as I cannot give you back your money, I give you, in its place, that which I value far above money—my only child." With these touching and simple words, he placed his daughter's hand in that of his astonished client and withdrew before there was time for any expression of opinion—or gratitude. The unfortunate but well-intentioned stock-broker never appeared again. But the lady kept the girl, and brought her up as her own daughter.

DHULIA REVISITED.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

IT is always pleasing to recall to mind the pleasant memories of the past. In India especially, where we are sojourners in a strange land, the Englishman in his daily life, official and private, realizes the trite observation of Jane Taylor that there is nothing perpetual but change. Often when we revisit the old places where our official career had its first start, we cannot but help to recall the pleasant and happy days spent in "the good old times." With the annals of Dhulia are associated the names of some great and noble-minded members of the Civil Service—men who endeared themselves to the people and secured a home in their hearts; and have left behind them a name which can only be forgotten when "granite moulders and records fail." Death has carried off some; and as their names have all received obituary record, we need not awaken painful memories. There are many in England, however, who will at times recall to mind the pleasant and jolly days spent in Dhulia, when there were a few European officials only and good fellowship and true English hospitality reigned supreme in every bungalow. The names of Duff, Moore, Probyn, Ramsay, East, and Rajah Propert are familiar as household words. Few men ever came to India who were so generally esteemed by all classes of men as poor Major Probyn and Rajah Propert. Mr. Propert was in consequence invited by the leading representatives of the capital of the West to a farewell banquet at the Byculla Club, previous to his final departure from the shores of India. There was no quarrelling with Propert. His pleasant countenance dissipated anger and his calm eye rebuked irritation. Duty with him was paramount; and he discharged it in his own placid easy way with facility. At the Sudder Station, or in the wilds of Khandeish, Propert and Probyn were always the courteous gentlemen. With troops of friends, we do not believe that they had a single foe. Good fellowship laughed out of their eyes and sterling honesty shone upon their brow. Dhulia, it must be admitted, has always been very fortunate in having Collectors who have made themselves very popular. The present Collector of Khandeish, Mr. Cumine, is generally esteemed by all classes of men; and the genial amiability of his character shines conspicuous. He sympathizes in every work of improvement. Whatever be their rank, class, or business, high or low, have easy access to personal communication. How much this freedom of intercourse contributes towards good government, and for no remarks, and especially so in a large and important collectorate like Khandeish. Although a number of years have rolled by and many old native officials of the old school, such as Naga Bhoshan Ayab, the old Foujdar, the old Duftardar, old Tom the barber, and others have gone to their long home. There is not much change in Dhulia or its surroundings. Cotton presses have surrounded some parts of Dhulia with factories, and there appears to be a somewhat divided opinion as regards the necessity for a railway to Dhulia! Some of the old inhabitants of the old school, with antiquated ideas, prefer remaining at their country seats growing cotton and developing the resources of their villages instead of encountering "smashes" and "tosses-up" in a aghgarry. The old-time and honoured edifices in Dhulia, as yet bear the brunt of time. The old jail, the old adawlat, the Collector's cutchery, the old post Office—rendered famous by the visit of the mighty Afghan Chief,* some years ago, who frightened the very wits out of the Brahmin post-master, and his two wives, and created quite a terror in Dhulia. The Police Superintendent's quarters, called the "Comman Dan Shaib's Bungalow." The Collector's bungalow, with its large garden and spacious compound, and Scott Shaib's storied house, remain unchanged memorials of the good old days. The Duff clock tower in Dhulia is the same; and many residents of Dhulia and its vicinity can easily and well remember the grand meeting organized by Mr. George Scott, when City Magistrate of Dhulia many years ago, in commemoration of the Queen's Birthday. The Dhulia maidan and clock tower were especially attended to, and the flags and other decorations here were very good indeed. Conspicuous among the decorations was a large iron shield with cloth stretched over it, and having the mottoes "Floreat Khandesha" and "Maharani Saheba's Jaya" They were in large letters, surmounted with the old homely and familiar V. R. This shield with its drapery of national flags was very neatly got up, and reflected great credit on the committee of management. Below this shield was a large life-sized portrait in crayon of the Queen-Empress, specially sketched for the occasion by Mr. Henry Luxa, Inspector of Registration. It was pleasing to see the crowds of natives who flocked to see this portrait. Some of the ignorant countrypeople who came from long distances took the day to be in honor of some extraordinary deity, of which this portrait was a representation, and made vows and broke cocoanuts and made offerings in its honour. In addition to the general decorations, the Municipality made arrangements for a fair to be held for three days on the Dhulia Green, a good plan of popularizing the day and occasion in the native mind. The display of shops and stalls was very considerable. In addition to these there was the usual carnival exhibition of tigers, bears, tom-toms, acrobats, conjurors, &c. The Municipality had issued about 500 invitations to the respectable citizens in and around Dhulia to attend an evening entertainment in tents specially pitched for the occasion. The Bheel Corps and Town Police under a native officer and the Fouzdar respectively, assisted by a squad of sowars, kept order. Among these present were, Dr. and Mrs. Boyd, Mr. Lawrence, C.S., Mr. Deshmukh, C.S., Mr. Ryan, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Mr. Luxa, Inspector of Registration, and Mr. Scott, the City Magistrate. There was also a fair sprinkling of Parsee ladies in their bright and gracefully worked sarees. The proceedings opened by a flourish of trumpets to enjoin silence, and then the City Magistrate rose and proposed that "our esteemed and distinguished townsman, Mr. Govindrao Garud, do take the chair." This was seconded by Dr. Boyd, and Mr. Govindrao was duly installed.

The City Magistrate then, in a short opening speech, explained the object of the meeting, which was entirely a non-official one, and

MR. GLADSTONE AND MRS. BESANT.

Mr. Gladstone's article in "The Nineteenth Century" on "True and False Conceptions of the Atonement," proves to be in part a criticism of Mrs. Besant's autobiography. This book Mr. Gladstone describes as a "spiritual itinerary" in which one sees "With how much at least of intellectual ease, and what unquestioning assumptions of being right vast spaces of mental travelling may be performed." Upon this characteristic of Mrs. Besant's autobiography, Mr. Gladstone comments without reserve:—"The absolute self-complacency of the authoress bears her on through tracts of air buoyant and copious enough to carry the Dirosan swan. Mrs. Besant passes from her earliest to her latest stage of thought as lightly as the swallow skims the surface of the lawn, and with just as little effort to ascertain what lies beneath it. An ordinary mind would suppose that modesty was the one lesson which she could not have failed to learn from her extraordinary permutations; but the chemist who shall analyse by percentages the contents of these pages will not, I apprehend, be in a condition to report that of such an element he can find even the infinitesimal quantity usually and conveniently denominated a "trace." Her several schemes of belief, or non-belief, appear to have been entertained one after another, with the same undoubting confidence, until they successively arrived for their not regretful, but rather contemptuous, rejection. They are nowhere based upon reasoning, but they rest upon one and the same authority—the authority of Mrs. Besant.

WHICH RELIGION.

Mr. Gladstone wants to know on which of Mrs. Besant's religions people are to rely, and if he is told the last, is ready with the rejoinder: "Yes; but who is to assure us that it will be the last? It remains open to us to hope, for her own sake, that she may yet describe the complete circle, and end somewhere near the point where she began." It is pointed out that Mrs. Besant "accepts with apparent acquiescence the remark of her dying father, that 'darling Annie's only fault was being too religious;'" and Mr. Gladstone severely adds—"In all her different phases of thought that place in the mind where the sense of sin should be appears to have remained, all through the shifting scenes of her mental history, an absolute blank. Without this sense, it is obvious that her Evangelicalism and her High Churchism were alike built upon the sand, and that in strictness she never quitted what she had never in its integrity possessed. Speaking generally, it may be held that she has followed at all times her own impulsions with an entire sincerity; but that those impulsions have been wofully dislocated in origin, spirit, and direction, by an amount of egregious self-confidence which is in itself a guarantee of failure in mental investigations."

THE NATURE OF THE ATONEMENT.

Mr. Gladstone's discussion of the Atonement principally occupies the remainder of his article, because one of the propositions which were examined and rejected by Mrs. Besant when a "young lady not yet out of her teens" concerned the nature of the atonement of Christ, and the justice of God in accepting a vicarious suffering from Christ as a vicarious righteousness from the sinner." To allege with regard to an essential part of this proposition that it is really incorporated in the teaching of the churches can only be described, in Mr. Gladstone's opinion, as "rash and blameworthy ignorance." The article then deals at length with the theological question, and contends that the forensic phraseology in which the Atonement has been described, and the responsibility of its vulgar comparison by way of preachment to a transaction as one across the counter, does not appear to belong to Holy Scripture. In the course of his argument, Mr. Gladstone says: The entire case of the human inhabitants of this planet has been made in most important respects exceptional through the introduction of sin into the world. Hence it is that, as we are assured by the Apostle, we are ordained to be a spectacle for men and angels. In other words, it would seem that this world does not exist for itself alone, but is, in some manner which we cannot yet unless most vaguely conceive, to serve a most important purpose of example, warning, or otherwise, on behalf of other portions of God's intelligent creation.

THE PROFUNDITY OF WISDOM.

Another striking passage contains these reflections: "It seems difficult to account for the blindness which fails to perceive the profundity of wisdom which underlies the simplicity of the Gospel. The philosophy of the Incarnation is, indeed, a great and indestructible philosophy. It was said that Socrates plucked wisdom down from Heaven. The Incarnation brought righteousness out of the region of cold abstractions, clothed it in flesh and blood, opened to it the shortest and the broadest way to all our sympathies, gave it the firmest command over the springs of human action, by incorporating it in a person, and making it, as has been beautifully said, liable to love." Without quoting at greater length from an article which our readers will desire to peruse for themselves in its entirety, we need only state in conclusion that Mr. Gladstone maintains that "the great sacrifice of Calvary does not undermine or enfeeble, but illuminates the moral law," and the proposition of Mrs. Besant, which he has distinctly taught

THE RAILWAY MAP OF INDIA.

It is related in the "Ramayana," the "Iliad" of the East, that in his journey to rescue Sita—the Helen of the East—Hanuman, the Hindu ape, jumped from India to Ceylon, the place of her captivity. It was a pretty long jump—nearly twice as long as the distance from Dover to Calais. He was in too great a hurry to sail over the forty-three miles, or so by boat. Turning over the leaves of a publication which we have received from the Government Central Printing Office, Simla, we find it announced that a proposal has been put forward by a private firm to obtain powers both from the Indian and Colonial Governments, to construct a metre-gauge line, 290 miles in length from Madura, in India, to Colombo, in Ceylon. The performance is not quite so hard as it may look to people who do not know the topography of the sea section of the proposed railway. A railway from Dover to Calais means the construction either of a submarine tunnel, or of vast piers, upon which the permanent way may be laid at a height under which masted ships may pass. But across the narrowest part of the sea from India to Ceylon there stretches almost without a break the chain of rocks known by the name of Adam's Bridge. It is quite certain that at no distant date a traveller may buy his ticket at Quetlah, or Peshawar, or Mandalay, at Calcutta, or Lahore, for Ceylon, and reach Colombo with only a change or two of carriages. We next come upon the interesting announcement that the railway men are considering "two alternative" routes for a line from Kalka to Simla. Even the untravelled reader must know that that means

A MOUNTAIN RAILWAY.

Roughly speaking, the distance from Kalka to Simla by one of the routes, is forty-six miles, and the railway terminus at Simla would be about seven thousand feet higher than the terminus at Kalka. In many an old Indian house life was spent in Bengal, or the North West, or the Punjab, the exception of the coming change in the mountain climb to Simla will awaken many recollections, some perhaps not very pleasant, but others quite the reverse. Indeed half the transition from the old style to the new, was effected a few years ago when the railway was laid down from Umballa junction to this same picturesque village Kalka, at the foot of the Himalayas. Old Indians, though rejoicing in the country's material progress, may regret the changes for sentimental reasons. The swift gallop over the forty miles of road between Umballa and Kalka used to be one of the grandest drives in the world—especially if one sat on the box beside the native driver and now and then took a turn at the reins. The driver is now as dead as Aurungzebe, and instead of exchanging your railway carriage at Umballa for the dak "gharry" at four or five o'clock in the white and gold dawn of the Indian morning, you wait until you reach the hills—traversing, in a second or two, the turbid stream across which your gharry used to be dragged by bullocks, or, in flood time, by an elephant. In a few years the mountain tonga also will vanish, its driver's bugle will no more be heard in the land, and the traveller from "the plains" will wish he had taken the marvellous carriage that flew with the speed of the wind were dragged by a fire devil whom the Sahibs locked up in an iron box. It would be strange if some remnants of the old superstition did not still survive. The fire devil has wrought more miracles in India than all the saints since Valmiki, and more good than all the palæozoic pressmen, and Robo B.A.'s put together. There are two men who, more than all others, symbolise British glory in the East. They are the Viceroy and the remotest navvy. A few years ago the second-named was plying his pick at the "face" (to use a mining word) of the sandbank some sixty or seventy miles on the Indian side of Quetlah. Crossing the Indus, and passing on the new railway by Shikarpore—with its crowds of traders from Central Asia—and by Jacobabad, with its magnificent avenues of trees, and by Nuttall, and one or two other stations dotted over the ninety miles of desert, you came upon that remotest navvy at Sibi. Where hundreds of navvies are at work

SOMEONE MUST BE AHEAD

of the rest; and the spot where the foremost struck his pick or spade was, for the moment, the last outpost in the slow and unceasing advance of the British Empire. An interesting spot it was—one of the most interesting in Asia, for Sibi is the eastern end of the Bolan Pass, along which caravans of merchants from Herat, from Persia, from Bokhara and Samarcand, had marched, silently and sleepily, on their long striding camels, since immemorial time; and now the camel was about to be disestablished by the iron horse, and finis to be written to the end of another chapter of old-world history. Looking at the map (a piece of work which does great credit to the surveyor's office and the Government Press, Simla) we see that the railway has been pushed on to New Chaman, only about sixty miles from Candahar. The formidable pass itself has been subjugated by the engineer, for a division of the railway line runs through the narrowest and most difficult part of it." The line is very tortuous, writes Colonel Biesst, "and crosses the Bolan ravine nine times in four miles."

NEW CHAMAN

is the extreme point to which the extension of India west at this moment reached in the western direction. Follow the map some two thousand miles or so in the eastern direction, and you come to the second extreme point. The red line, stretching northwards through Burmah, stops at Wuntho, a hundred and fifty miles beyond Mandalay. From Wuntho, the red line, now not continuous but dotted—showing that the railway is under construction"—opens nearly up to Bhamo, city of Yunnan, the south-western province of China. These two lines, the one advancing towards Central Asia, the other to the greatest native empire of the East, are destined to play an important part in the politics of the new century. It is in itself a wonderful history, this map, which one may read pretty well without the help of its accompanying two hundred pages of letterpress and statistics. In the southern direction, the railway has reached Tinnevelly, only fifty miles from Cape Comorin. Its extension northwards into Cashmere, near which the Russian explorers are taking notes, is only a question of time. From the Bay of Bengal, north eastwards through Assam, almost to the borders of Thibet, the railway is either "authorized," or "under construction." Not much to look at is the Indian navy, clothed in threepenny worth of calico round his hips and for the rest in his dark black-brown shiny skin. But he plays an important part in the schems of things, and the reflection might console him, if he were a philosopher, for his wages of twelve shillings a month and his fare of grain and tepid water. Forty-two years ago, no Indian coolie as much as dreamt of turning coal miner.

INDIAN COAL MINES

had not yet been heard of. But coal mining in India followed the introduction of the railroad. In page 43 of the Railway Report we read that the Kurharbarce and Serampore collieries furnish "the entire supply of fuel" for the East Indian Railway, one of the two or three principal lines in India. If Carey and Marshman of Serampore were to revisit the scene of their ancient labours, in the vicinity of "The—Serampore Press," they would be at some loss to understand the position. The deficiency of which the railway people complained last year was not a deficiency in coal supply, but in the supply of "rolling stock" for taking away the coal. The nomenclature of the Serampore coal pits reminds one of the English Midland and Northern counties. Thus, there is a "Jubilee Pit Number Two" 650 feet deep—a pretty good depth for a country whose English inhabitants say they are separated from a certain other pit only by a sheet of brown paper. Jubilee Pit Number One has been supplied, or is about to be, with compressed air apparatus. And as in English pits, so in the Serampore ones, ponies have been sent down from the upper world "to draw the trucks along the pitch dark galleries under mule drivers who shout and yell in Bengali, or Hindi, or Hindustani. The Makum Collieries, worked by the Assam Railways and trading Company are favourably spoken of in the report. "Assam coal is soft, but its softness has not proved a drawback to its general use for all purposes, as it readily cakes when put on the fire. It is a first-class steaming and smithy coal, and is said to be equal to Welsh coal. It is largely used by the ocean and inland steamers, rail-ways, jute mills, tea and other factories. Assam coal is now fully established in the market, and the demand for it is rapidly increasing." Not the least interesting fact under this head is the discovery of large beds of coal Candahar-wards, in the Quetlah region, to which reference has already been made.—*Daily News.*

IS DEATH PAINFUL?

The *Vegetarian* discusses the question, "Do the dying feel pain?" and says it is a question of fascinating interest. Is death a painful act? So far as my own observation (says the writer) and the experiences I have been able to collect from others go, I am inclined to reply that it depends on circumstances. When a person dies, killed by some diseased organ, death right up to the last may be painful, if the other organs of the body are strong and vigorous. Where, however, death comes either to the young or the old as a result of the decadence of all the organs, by a progress which is not that of acute disease, then we pass on as painlessly as we arrived. The chief pain of death is the nervous pain in those whose nervous centres are all alive, and yet who are being prematurely drawn down by the destruction of some vital organ. The healthy death—if I may use such a term—is painless; an anæsthesia precedes dissolution. Nature with kindly hands soothes the last moments with anæsthetics no chloroform can surpass. Respiration becoming feeble and slow and shallow, the blood is less and less oxygenated, and the heart acts with corresponding debility, producing a slow, weak, and often irregular pulse. As this process goes on, the blood is not only driven to the head with less force and in smaller quantity, but what flows there contains less oxygen and more and more carbonic acid gas. The latter is a powerful anæsthetic, the same as that derived from charcoal. Subject to its influence, the nerve centres lose consciousness and sensibility; a quiet rest in sleep creeps over the scene; then comes stupor, and then the end.

SKINNY MEN and Weak Women, do not be disheartened. PETER'S BRAIN PANACEA will protect you from an untimely grave, as it enlivens the spirits, invigorates Brain Powers, strengthens physical tissue, and rejuvenates and rebuilds the shattered constitution without regard to age or sex. Is a special food for the fatigued and overworked with brain or body. Rs. 3 and Rs. 7, of MADON, SONS & Co.

MR. AND MRS. J. H. McCARTHY (NEE CISSY LOFTUS).

McCarthy: Loftus.—On the 29th Aug., at Edinburgh, Justin Huntly McCarthy to Miss C. Loftus.

This is the momentous announcement which appears in the first column of the first page of the *Times* of Sep 1. It only remains to wish Mr. and Mrs. J. H. McCarthy every happiness; and to add a little current gossip to the bald announcement above.

The marriage took place before the Sheriff, and Mr. McCarthy's designation in the certificate is that of dramatist, while Miss Loftus is described as an actress. Mr. McCarthy fulfilled the requirements of the statute by residing twenty-one days in Edinburgh.

A representative of the *Morning* has been making special investigations, from which we take the following extracts:—

"Down at the 'Cambridge' in the East—that is, the Cambridge Music-hall—the last turn the other evening was that in which Messrs. Brown, Newland, and Le Clercq appeared in an exceedingly humorous nigger sketch. When, as the comic servant, Mr. Brown vainly endeavoured to recall a name, the gods supplied it by crying 'Cissy Loftus.' When it was all over, the *Morning* representative met Mr. Brown, who has a parental interest in the young lady, and had an interesting talk about the latest addition to the family circle. Mr. Brown, who is the biggest by many inches of the dusky trio who delight music-hall frequenters, says that Miss Cissy Loftus lived at Dulwich with her mother, Miss Marie Loftus. On Tuesday evening, 28th ult., the young lady had an appointment with her mother at the Oxford Music-hall at eight o'clock. Before this hour arrived, however, a telegram was received at the Dulwich house from Cissy stating that she was quite too unwell to appear at the Palace that evening. This telegram was despatched from Victoria Station. A telegram was also received at the Palace Theatre to the same effect, but signed in the name of Miss Marie Loftus.

Later the same evening Miss Marie Loftus received a telegram at Dulwich stating that Miss Cissy was at the house of Mr. Justin McCarthy in Eaton-terrace, for the well-known Irish M. P. (who is at present at Herne Bay, or thereabouts) has removed some time since from his house in Cheyne-walk, Chelsea, and has returned to the neighbourhood of his old home in Eaton-square.

This is Mr. Ben Brown's story, so far as it goes. He declares that he never knew there was anything between Miss Cissy Loftus—whose age he states is only seventeen years—and Mr. Justin Huntly McCarthy. The *Morning* representative inquired curiously what was the first intimation of the marriage received at the Dulwich house—where Mr. Brown resides—and he replied that neither he nor Miss Marie Loftus knew anything of it until they saw it in the papers.

The following, we are assured, are the correct details of Miss Loftus's movements:—Last Monday (Aug. 27) she slept at her father's house at Herne Hill. On Tuesday, at 9-13 p.m., a telegram was handed in at the West Strand Telegraph Office, for the parents, saying, "I am ill. We are (a girl friend) going to Charlotte's" (Mr. J.H. McCarthy's sister). At 9-18 the same night a telegram was also handed in, saying, "We have gone to Herne Bay." The next morning another message, apparently handed in by Mr. J. H. McCarthy, was received from the Herne Bay post-office. It was:—"Have married your daughter"; and a second one soon afterwards followed:—"If you want further information apply to ——" (giving the address of Scotch Writers at Edinburgh). Mr. Brown and his wife (the parents) are said to feel much hurt at not having been asked to the wedding.

Early in July, 1893, Miss Cissy Loftus was to have appeared in a burlesque under Mr. Rodney's management at Bristol. This burlesque was entitled "The Black Cat," but the arrangement fell through, it being considered that the clever maid was rather too young for the part for which she was designed. In the same month, however, she made her actual *début* before a London audience as an Hoodoo nautiaco, under the management of Mr. Charles Brighton. The success was immediate, and it resulted in a six months' engagement at the Gaiety Theatre, where her inimitable gift of mimicry (which is an awkward way of describing it, by the way) added greatly to the drawing powers of "Don Juan." After this Miss Cissy went to the Palace Theatre for four months.

Mr. Rodney, of the "New Agency," in Waterloo-road described to the *Morning* reporter the interest that her mother took in the development of Miss Cissy's talent. Only lately Miss Marie Loftus had declined an engagement at the Star Music Hall, in Dublin, so that she might be at hand to coach her clever child. In proof of this Mr. Ben Brown produced a letter with the sign manual of "Dan Lowry, inviting Miss Marie Loftus to visit Dublin for a fortnight at the remuneration of £20 per week. Also Mr. Rodney said she had in all thrown up at least half a year's engagements so that her child should have the benefit of her tuition.

The only contracts entered into on behalf of the young lady by her parents are as follows: the existing engagement at the Palace, the forthcoming tour, of which Mr. Ben Brown is the manager, and another, a short one at the Palace Theatre, beginning in November next.

"What arrangements she may enter into subsequently," says Mr. Rodney, her agent, "must be decided by Mr. Justin Huntly McCarthy.

A music-hall correspondent of the *Leader* writes that it was fast becoming a joke among those who had an observant eye that where you saw Mr. McCarthy pretty soon you would look, not backwards to find Miss Loftus. Perhaps he knew how urgent were the reasons for his constant attendance; Miss Cissy had a whole battalion of admirers, and the competition for her favour was continuous and strong.

Mr. Justin Huntly McCarthy is the son of Mr. Justin McCarthy, the Leader of the Irish Nationalist Party in the House of Commons. The younger McCarthy has also had a Parliamentary career, though a brief one. He sat in the House of Commons as Nationalist *member for Athlone*, from June 12, 1884, to November 1885, and subsequently he represented Newry until the end of the last Parliament. In literature Mr. Huntly McCarthy, who is as yet quite a young man, having only been born in 1860, has achieved a very considerable degree of success. He is known as journalist, author, and as a writer of light but sparkling verse, notable in his weaknesses and wounded at the way he had been used. He seemed to be going out of life with a contempt for this world, and no hopes of the other. I told him to be calm, but he muttered that if he did not soon get better he would destroy himself." This is taking Keats at his worst. It is well enough to know that he seemed to Haydon as Haydon has described him, but few men appear to advantage when they are desperately ill. Turn to the letters written during his tour in Scotland, when he walked twenty miles a day, climbed Ben Nevis, and fatigued himself that, as he told Fanny Keats, "when I am asleep you might sew my nose to my great toe and trundle me around the town like a Hoop without waking me. Then I get so hungry a Ham goes but a very little way, and fowls are like Larks to me. . . I take a whole string of Pork Sausages down as easily as a pen'orth of Lady's fingers." And then he bewails the fact that when he arrives in the Highlands he will have to be contented "with an acre of two of oaten cake, a hogshead of Milk, and a Cloaths basket of Eggs morning, noon, and night." Here is the active Keats, of honest mundane tastes and an athletic disposition, who threatens "to cut all sick people if they do not make up their minds to cut Sickness." As the writer very truly observes, Keats stood in greater awe of his own "artistic and poetic sense" than of the reviewers. Mr. William Davies writes an article on the religion of Gautama Buddha; and Mrs. Margaret Deland contributes three new chapters of her story Philip and His Wife.

THE DUNDEE BILL FORGERIES.

SENTENCE ON HASSBERGER.

Lord Low presided at a sitting of the High Court of Justiciary in Edinburgh on Tuesday afternoon(27th ult), to which Ernest Hassberger, merchant, Dundee, who had pleaded guilty to forging bills of the value of over £112,000, was brought up for sentence. Mr. Strachan, advocate-depute, appeared on behalf of the Crown, and Mr Kennedy, advocate, instructed by Messrs. Macpherson & Mackay, S.S.C., Edinburgh, appeared for the prisoner. Mr. Ure, instructed by Messrs. Ronald & Ritchie, S.S.C., watched the proceedings on behalf of the Clydesdale Bank. There was a large attendance of the general public. Hassberger was brought into the Court-room and placed in the dock a few minutes before three o'clock. He seemed to feel his position keenly, and at times wept bitterly.

The case having been called,

Mr Kennedy said that the accused adhered to his plea of guilty.

Mr Strachan moved for sentence.

Mr Kennedy, addressing his Lordship, said that the prisoner took the earliest opportunity which the procedure of the law afforded him of giving a full and frank plea of guilty, and that entitled him to some measure of indulgence and commiseration.

STATEMENT BY THE PRISONER.

Mr Kennedy then read the following statement which had been prepared by the prisoner:—"I am thirty-six years of age. I left school in 1874, and thereafter proceeded to Manchester to learn the English language and obtain a commercial training. I was in several situations there, and in 1875 I came to Dundee, where I remained for about a year. In 1876 I was called to Germany to undergo my one year's drill. I returned to Dundee, credit for a large sum, being assured by that firm that they need not serve. I then went to a situation in Switzerland and Germany for some time. Latterly I returned to Dundee and succeeded to business for my father, 1883. I was married, and there are seven children of the marriage, aged respectively ten, nine, seven, five, two, one year, and three weeks. I started business on my own account in 1883, and was successful for a time. I lived very economically. In 1889 my troubles began. I got an interest in an Indian jute business, and lost a considerable sum of money in connection with that. In 1891 I gave the firm of Lipman & Co., Dundee, credit for a large sum, being assured by that firm that they were good and solvent. This went on till December 1892, when Lipman &Co., without the slightest hint to me, failed with liabilities of about a quarter of a million and scarcely any assets. Lipman & Co. were due me at the time of their failure £11,000. I also lost a large sum through Douglas, Reid, & Co., and others. Lipman & Co., Douglas, Reid, & Co., and others were all customers of the Clydesdale Bank, same as myself. I was quite frantic with despair and grief at the position in which I was placed. I called for the banker, and instead of failing it was arranged that I would get some assistance from the Bank, and I was to pay them up in full. Had I been allowed to fail, which was the right course open to me, I should not have been in the present position. Trade was bad, and this heavy failure cast a severe depression over the town. I had to meet obligations to the bank. Everything went against me. Jute came in in large quantities from Calcutta, very frequently in a most damaged state, through which I suffered very great loss. I got deeper and deeper in consequence, with the result that forgeries followed. When I bought jute (as I did in very large quantities) it usually went very much down in price. When I sold jute it usually ended up considerably in price. In every step I took I was unfortunate. Being unable to provide the money, I, in a fit of desperation, resorted to forging an acceptance. For many months I have suffered deadly agony—agony which no man can possibly describe. I could not tear myself away from my wife and children. I seemed quite mad as day after day forgeries were committed. All the bills (other than those used by Mr Weinberg) were discounted at the Clydesdale Bank, and only two before mine fell due fell due I uplifted them, replacing them with other bills of a like description. A statement of my losses in business during the past two months has been made up, and these amount to £138,137, 4s. 3d. The whole affair appears to me as a horrible dream, and I cannot understand my foolishness. I have youth on my side, and I pray that my Judge may be merciful with me. I have not used the money in expensive living. I have always been economical, and spent very little on myself. The whole money has gone in meeting the extraordinary losses I have previously mentioned. The great anguish and despair which I have suffered during the past eighteen months have been a terrible and sore punishment to me, and have shaken my health very much, but when I return to the world my first duty will be to live a new life and work hard for the purpose of indemnifying, so far as I can, all those who have lost money by me. Having made the foregoing statement, I earnestly crave my Judge for a merciful sentence."

LETTER FROM THE PRISONER'S FATHER.

Mr Kennedy said he also wished to read a letter which had been received since the arrest from the prisoner's father, who was a man in a large business and exceedingly high standing in Forth, Austria. The letter was dated 7th August 1894, and was in the following terms:—"Dear Ernest,—While writing this I feel as if I had dipped the pen into my heart's blood. I am deeply grieved to hear you know they are of no use now. But one word I must utter to relieve the heaviness of my heart a little. I never dreamt that a son of your father would be capable of such an action. I repeat to you the words of an English writer. They are—I Away with the vain and fruitless thoughts and lamentings of past deeds. These lamentings are only followed by paralysis of will, by inactivity and desperation. Upwards must the cultivated look, not backwards; to find his whither higher goals and purer ambition motion to him. You are young yet, and if your judges are not too hard with hard with you, you can rehabilitate yourself. You have an immense work before you, but you must not deter from it. You must not only consider about the future of your wife and children, but many another thing you have to think about. You must think to indemnify your friends and all those who have suffered largely through you. The possibility to fulfil this task is, of course, only then at hand if the opportunity to solid, honest activity is not removed from you through too hard a punishment. I pray to the Almighty God that your judges will not judge you alone by the simple letter of the law, but that their hearts and souls will at the same time be touched. You can say with good conscience that you never did anything wrong or bad before you committed this crime. Only desperation can have driven you to this miserable deed. I am old, and my health has not improved through this hard bolt having fallen on me. Should I not survive it, have no fear for your freedom to-day's words uttered by me may lead you for your future life. Be strictly solid and honest. Do not be tempted to any bad or dishonourable action through views of the greatest riches. You know that I am not wealthy, and that I always lived from hand to mouth. Everything I made by hard work I have spent on the education of my children. You know also (and I daresay I may say it) that I am favoured with the esteem and confidence of many. Had I been rich, I would be very happy and contented if this miserable spot had not appeared. But you can make everything up again, and in the hope that you will make it good again, I forgive you. Pray your judges in the name of your old father for mercy with you and to give you a mild sentence." Counsel next read two letters from ministers—one from the Rev. Dr. Young, Monifieth, where the prisoner resided, and the other from the Rev. Alexander Ford Smith, of the Free Church, Monifieth, expressing the hope that a lenient sentence would be pronounced. He then submitted elements for his Lordship to take into account in weighing the sentence to be passed on the unfortunate man, who, he said, until this happened, was upright and exemplary in his relations with his own family and in the conduct of a large mercantile business, which by his own industry and good connections he had built up. His Lordship might take into view that he had already undergone a very severe punishment in the agony and suspense which he had suffered during these months. The knowledge was present with him night and day that the blow would fall, and then to that had to be added that now it had fallen he had not only lost that position which he had built up, and not only lost the respect, though he felt pity, of his neighbours and his friends and connections, but that his crime had brought ruin, and misery, and poverty, and dishonour on those for whom he had the fondest affection, and who were in every respect entirely innocent. It also was a striking and a distinctive element in this case that the cause of the prisoner's misfortunes came not from himself, but from the failures which involved the whole manufacturing world in Dundee and the neighbourhood. No man was justified in resorting to criminal means even that good might come, or that he might be enabled to relieve himself. But the man who did so under the stress of strong disaster, and who did it not for immediate personal gain, but in the hope that his affairs might be retrieved, was a far object of commiseration. That was also an element to which the law attached importance. When Lipman & Company failed the prisoner was indebted to the Clydesdals Bank, on whom the larger part of these forgeries was committed, in the sum of £20,000, and unfortunately—counsel was not casting any reflection on the bank—they thought it the expedient course instead of allowing a man who was insolvent to go through the ordinary process, they, for reasons and, no doubt, good interests, agreed to go on, and give the aid which the very large business involved. The prisoner's whole ordinary business judgment was unhinged, and therefore the first step necessarily led to the others. The business had been a very large one, and in the year before these unfortunate crimes began the transactions with the Clydesdale Bank amounted to over £600,000. Unfortunately, this crime then came to light, and the amount of illegitimate business the business bulked more largely as he made effort after effort to retrieve his position, as, owing to the state of the market, the amount of the loss that had to be met grew larger and larger every day. That it was not in the ordinary sense a deliberately planned scheme was borne out by this, that the most ordinary circumstance at any moment might have brought complete discovery. Nearly all the gentlemen whose names were in a position to be bolstered up Dundee, Arbroath, or the neighbourhood, and the least inquiry might have led to discovery.

Mr Strachan said with regard to the bank not having made any charge, and having given the information with reluctance it was quite true that no charge was made by the bank, and at the time they were first communicated with they were rather reluctant to give any information. Mr Kennedy, however, was entirely mistaken in supposing that that was from any impression on their partthat there were any mitigating circumstances in the case. In justice to them, counsel quoted from a letter which pointed out that the acceptances being so numerous, such an inquiry as that proposed to be made by the public authorities would be sure to create much commotion in business circles, and the letter stated what it might result in.

Now,—Have you any information as to the circumstances under which these forgeries were committed?

Mr Strachan said there was no doubt whatever than the prisoner had incurred very serious losses in connection with his business, but he was confirmed that it was very much due to rash speculation on his part. There could be no doubt that it was under very severe pressure that the forgeries were committed.

THE SENTENCE.

Lord Low, in passing sentence, said—Ernest Hassberger, you have been convicted by your own confession of a most serious crime, because you confess that you have forged and uttered bills of exchange to the enormous amount of the sum of £112,000. I do not desire to harass you, in the terrible position in which you find yourself, by commenting upon your conduct. My duty is simply to pronounce such a sentence as is required to carry out the ends of justice. I have listened with attention to what has been so well said on your behalf by Mr Kennedy, and I am very willing to give effect to any considerations in favour of leniency. Mr Kennedy urged that you had hitherto been a man of unblemished character. I am afraid that I cannot give any weight to that consideration, because you have been enabled to commit these frauds simply by taking advantage of the reputation which you had gained. But the other considerations which Mr Kennedy submitted, and especially the circumstances under which these frauds were commenced—the fact that they were probably commenced in order to meet the results of unavoidable losses in business, is a circumstance to which I am inclined to give considerable weight. Still the sentence which I have to pronounce must be a heavy one, not so much as a punishment to you as a measure of protection to the commercial public. Taking all the circumstances into consideration, I do not think that I can pronounce a smaller sentence that one of penal servitude for a period of eight years.

AN APOLOGY FOR ANARCHY.

In the fierce struggle for sensation the "Fortnightly Review" for September condescends to publish an article in glorification of the Anarchists. It is written by one Malato, who is of their number, and his subject is "Some Anarchist Portraits." He protests, at the outset, against a recent trial in France, in which a number of Anarchists suffered the "imputation of vulgar crime," and were said to be "affiliated to an association of malefactors." The vulgar crime imputed were robbery, forgery, and the like. Yet the writer glories in these with murder into the bargain, when they are committed by the heroes whose portraits he draws. These men, it seems, are not to be associated with "robbers of strong boxes," because, while they are, or may be, robbers of that kind, they are also men of intellect, who have "enunciated a new philosophy and a new morality." Ravachol he describes as "one of those disconcerting and astounding personalities who, according to the epoch in which they live, and the sphere in which they move, may leave behind them the reputation of a hero or a bandit." It is admitted that he made counterfeit coin, and robbed an old and solitary man—and even murdered him, by the mere inadvertence of gripping his neck "a little too hard." It is confusing to see the new morality hedging, as it were, in order to square its proceedings with the old. The difficulty which the attempt to whitewash this spotted beast implies may perhaps account for the writer's total silence in regard to another of Ravachol's little affairs. There was no accident surely in his fracturing the skull of a defenceless woman for the sake of a few gold pieces in her hoard; there was only the new philosophy, or the new morality, with one costing of cant the less. Ravachol, we are assured, devoted his booty to the relief of the poor—all of it, it is to be presumed, which was not spent on his mistress and his little dinners. He had an austere conscience, and he did not approve of murder and robbery as a career. When there was work going, if it happened to be the work that suited him, he thought there was no harm in asking for a job. He had no carnal vices—neither had Robespierre. Such devils naturally think all minor wickedness a waste of faculty. He was fond of reading, and was something of an author; and he once bought a little girl a pair of shoes.

Vaillant, the man who threw the bomb in the chamber, was, it seems, the ideal Anarchist. He was "applauded in our camp without reservation or reserve." To the last, there were some of the brethren who found Ravachol a little too much for them. Perhaps their stomachs were as weak as their heads, and they were seized with nausea when they read of his breaking into a tomb at the dead of night, and groping in the dark for buried jewellery, amid human remains. Vaillant was all that an Anarchist should be. He had a beautiful voice. He was very gentle, and never coarse. He read science, and worked that all he knew of it into copy for his defence, by assuring the jury that the accident of their possessing "a prolongation of the spinal marrow" gave them no right to judge one of their kind. "Of what account," he asked, "is humanity, in the vortex which is carrying it through immensity?" The jury gave it up, yet, if they had thought it worth while, they might have retorted that Vaillant's only plea in defence of his acts was that humanity was of very much account indeed. He was always moral, but he acquired the new philosophy slowly; and there was a period of his career of Anarchy when he was not yet acquainted with "Prudhon, Karl Marx, Spencer, Kropotkine." He was a brave man, and he was so profoundly humane, that he put nails instead of bullets into his bomb, as though merely to tickle the bourgeoisie. Henry, who hurled the bomb into the cafe at Saint Lazare Station, was a man of very different stamp. He wanted to kill. He had an excellent heart; he lent his little room for weeks to a poor family, and he fell in love with a married woman, though only in a Platonic way. He was a man of culture, and he "loved ideas," but he hated the common people for their patience and their stupidity. This led him too far, by engendering a contempt for human life. He began well, by the explosion in the Rue des Bons Enfants, which, by pure luck, killed six of the enemies of society—five of them policemen—at one stroke. The thought of it "filled him with a proud satisfaction." He was unable to throw his second bomb against the men in power, so he decided to hurl it into a place of public resort. He was "supreme" before his judges, and they had the worst of the encounter all through. Caserio's act "was impeccable from a revolutionary point of view." Harmodius, Aristogiton, and Brutus were his moral ancestors. The farrago ends with a comparison between these miscreants and the Founder of Christianity.

GLEAMS OF MEMORY.

In the "Cornhill" for September Mr. James Payn has brought his Gleams of Memory, with some Reflections, to an end—to the regret, we have no doubt, of all who have read them. The public will now await them in book form. He winds up with the following declaration about the profession in which he has long filled so high a place:—"As to the calling of Literature, which has been so much abused of late by some of its own followers, if I were to live twenty lives I would choose no other profession. It is the brightest and most genial of all of them, and, so far at least as my experience goes, the most free from jealousies and acrimonies. There are times of course when one would like to sentence a critic to be put to death "to slow music," but I have never felt inclined to "put one" unless it was the paper-knife—into any of my brother authors. They are very pleasant company, as kindly friends as can be found, and more inclined to look upon one's faults with tenderness than what are invidiously termed the respectable classes. The pursuit of letters makes us friends all over the globe, but it not does not necessarily lead to fortune. Leisure in old age has been unhappily denied me. I suppose when I say I may add that, as regards popularity, I have been in the first dozen or so of story-tellers; but my gains have been small indeed when compared with anyone in the same position in any other calling. A judge and a bishop get £5,000 a year and a retiring pension. I have been exceptionally fortunate in receiving such small prizes as literature has to offer in the way of editorships and readerships, but the total income made by me and the Besants brothers was but an average of £1,500 a year for thirty-five working years. As compared with the gains of law and physic, and, of course, of commerce, this is surely a very modest sum, though it has been earned in a most pleasant manner."

Among the funny incidents which Mr. Payn recalls to memory are two in which curates were alike the heroes and victims. One of these was the owner of a mare for which sea baths had been recommended. One day while having his own sea bath, the curate thought he would do the groom's work. Stark naked he jumped on to the mare's back. "She turned short round, and before he could throw himself off, made straight for the little town of which he was (or rather thought he was) the perpetual curate. He was not fastened to her steed like Sheppa; he was not a voluntary equestrian, like lady Godiva; but he had not the presence of mind to throw himself off, and, like the other lady in the ballad, he had "nodings on." That day was the last day of his curacy."

The other curate, a man of taste, with knowledge of the world, thought he would give a nice dinner to the country family folk, among whom he was a social success and whose hospitality he enjoyed.

The viands were unexceptionable, and as it was winter time he even provided hot-water plates for his guests. His man, however, who was also his groom, had had little experience as a butler, and when the guests trooped down to dinner each found a hot-water plate on his or her chair. It was winter time, and the poor fellow had, from their conformation, mistaken the purpose for which these plates were intended; but it was a bad five minutes for a host who piqued himself on having everything perfect.

AN INTERVIEW WITH THE "QUEEN OF CHESS."

A LADY WHO HAS COMPOSED 650 PROBLEMS.

An interview with Mrs. W. J. Baird, the "Queen of Chess," appears in the *Woman's Signal*. Mrs. Baird is a young and pretty woman, and was married at twenty to Deputy Inspector-General W. J. Baird, M.D., R.N. Her husband's prolonged absences from home in connexion with his professional duties have left her with much leisure. She has devoted it to the rearing and training of her only child—and to chess.

"It is very unusual for a woman to devote time to chess; it always seems to have been specially a man's game. How do you account for that, Mrs. Baird?"

"Frivolous and fashionable women would begrudge the time and thought it requires; busy mothers of families could not, of course, spare time for it, and the great majority of unmarried girls have not, I am afraid, the necessary patience. Then, too, it is, I must confess, an unsociable game. It is most suitable for quiet and reflective people, and for invalids. It seems always to have attracted clever strategists like military and naval commanders, and also great politicians. I wish girls would take to it more, because it is such excellent mental discipline, and brings out one's patience. It would also be a useful corrective to the tendency to jump at conclusions which many women have. The great charm is that it is a home accomplishment. A woman is not compelled to leave her fireside for the sake of chess. It is a stable kind of amusement for which she never need sully her womanliness or her good reputation. Many of the outdoor sports, innocent and healthful enough in themselves, lead to a great deal of flirtation and general frivolity."

"When did you compose your first problem?"

"It was not until 1888, some years after I was married. I spent just over 100 hours on one of my first problems."

"Some sleep in between, I hope, Mrs. Baird?"

"Well, yes, but I kept a note of all the time I sp

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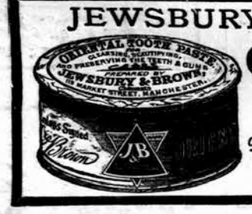

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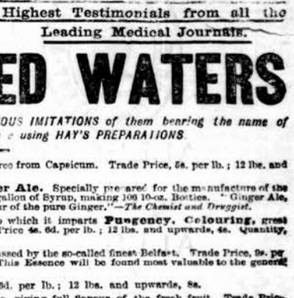

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